

## Jersey, NY Unions Act on Fla. Murder

Labor actions for justice in the Christmas Day bomb murder of Harry T. Moore, Florida Negro leader increased over the weekend it was learned yesterday.

In Newark, Saturday, thousands of leaflets were distributed in the central shopping district around Broad and Market St. by locals of the Furriers union, Mine, Mill, and Smelter Workers, and with United Electrical Workers, District 4. The leaflets called on President to act against the Florida terror against Negroes, Jews, and Catholics and demanded immediate and thorough action in finding and punishing Moore's killers.

In Brooklyn and Ozone Park, Queens, Friday a leaflet demanding justice in the case was distributed by the Anti-Discrimination Committee of UE Local 475 to the workers of the Supreme Knitting plants.

The local also distributed the leaflet to workers at the International Projector Corporation in

Rights laws to assure the arrest and convictions of the guilty." The Local's president, Sam Kovenetsky denounced the attacks on the Negro, Jewish and Catholic people in the state of Florida and termed the murder of Mr. Moore

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## A Happy New Year

# Daily Worker

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# FBI Ignores Suspects in Murder of Fla. Negro

By Our Special Correspondent

MIAMI, Fla., Dec. 31.—The FBI and state authorities have not even bothered to question the list of three suspects provided by Mrs. Harriet Moore, badly wounded widow of the murdered Negro leader, Harry T. Moore. Stephen Turnbull, Miami Herald correspondent in the Titusville

## 'Please Print This', Says Negro Cleric

Editor, Daily Worker:

As a Negro gospel preacher, formerly of New Orleans, La., I came to New York a few years ago as a victim of jincrow justice seeking freedom and equality.

I can't feel free, even here, when such incidents happen as in Florida concerning the bombing of a Negro home, in which a Negro was killed and his wife has a 50-50 chance to live.

I understand Florida to be the playground of our civil-rights promising President. I noticed he intervened in the war in Korea, 5,000 miles from America, and ordered colored as well as white to go to slaughter people that never have done anything to this country.

But he will not intervene in such shameful cases as the electrocution of innocent Negroes and the recent bombing of a Florida home, and terrorizing action against the Jewish people as well. I know that the blood of many innocent Negro victims is crying out against this country.

The Bible tells me everybody must reap what they sow. This country can make all the A-bombs and H-bombs they want to, but according to the Bible this country must pay for the blood of these innocent people.

The Bible does not lie.

While reading the New York Post I noticed where the Florida officials say they believe that the Negro home was bombed by people outside of this country.

Please tell me what the Negroes have done to people outside of this country?

Please print this.

## GET BOMB THREAT FOR SALE OF HOUSE TO NEGRO

DETROIT, Dec. 31.—Bomb threats have been made against a white couple who just sold their home to a Negro family.

Mr. and Mrs. Morris Davidson, of 3785 Elmhurst, reported to the Civil Rights Congress that several anonymous phone calls had threatened to bomb their residents "and

everybody in it" after its sale to Mr. and Mrs. Leonard Graham.

Police are investigating a fire which was started in the Davidson garage and have promised the Davidsons and their two children protection. A neighborhood committee to prevent the threatened violence has been formed.

area reports that "If any suspect has even been questioned, that fact is unknown in this little community—where secrets are hard to keep." Walter White, national secretary of the NAACP, was reported to have provided a similar list.

Other late developments in the racist murder of the NAACP leader by Klan-Minded terrorists on Christmas Day are:

- The Miami NAACP has called for a "mass turnout" to Mr. Moore's funeral to be held New Year's Day "to show the culprits we don't scare easily." It called for "an overflow of memberships as our answer to this terrorism."

- The funeral will be held in the small town of Titusville, in rural Central Florida, amid the orange groves a few miles from Mims where Mr. Moore was killed.

- Mrs. Moore seriously injured by the same bomb that killed her husband, gave a list of suspects to the FBI, the Miami Times, a Negro weekly here, declared.

- Walter White, national secretary of the NAACP, now at Orlando, scoffed at reports spread by Florida authorities that "Communists" were responsible for the outrages. "Law and order have completely fallen down here in Florida" he said. There is no telling where a thing like this could end. It starts out with the bombing of Negroes, then goes to Jews, Catholics, Baptists and on and on. White declared his certainty that the Florida Negro leader was murdered because he had spoken out against the Groveland atrocities.

White said the NAACP had names of at least three persons who had recently made statements to the effect that "too many Ne-

groes were getting 'funny ideas like Harry Moore—that Moore had been pushing things too fast'."

Meanwhile the Negro community of Miami is demanding action—and is in action itself. All Negro churches Sunday held special

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## McGrath Finds Time to Plan 'Hitlervilles'

WASHINGTON, Dec. 31.—Attorney General J. Howard McGrath hasn't gotten around to finding the Ku Klux killers of Florida Negro leader Harry Moore, but he's got the manpower, time money—and inclination—to devote to readying Nazi-like concentration camps for American progressives.

McGrath, whose tawdry career was recently capped by an anti-Semitic speech to a lawyers' convention, was reported here today to be using federal prison labor (forced labor, in other words, in the Nazi tradition) to prepare three concentration camps housing more than 3,000 prisoners.

The locations are given as Wickensburg, Ariz., Florence, Ariz. and El Reno, Okla. Other possible sites for "Hitlervilles" include Tule Lake, Cal., where 20,000 Japanese-Americans were held during World War II.

The project is under the direction of James V. Bennett, a McGrath aide who heads the Federal Bureau of Prisons. Potential inmates of the Hitlervilles would be what McGrath, the pal of the tax chisellers, calls "dangerous subversives."

Blumfield, N. J. It demanded the application of the Federal Civil Rights Law in killing of Moore, immediate action by President Truman and the Department of Justice to find and prosecute the killers, and the calling out—if necessary—of the National Guard to protect the living and property of endangered citizens.

The executive board of Local 1-S, CIO, United Department Store Workers of America representing more than 8,200 Macy's employees, unanimously approved a resolution recording its "shock and horror" at the bomb slaying of Harry T. Moore at Mims, Fla.

The Local called on President Truman to "use all Federal Civil

## Steel Workers in Penn., Cal., Give Facts on Pay

By ART SHIELDS

PITTSBURGH, Dec. 31.—"Santa Claus didn't visit my little Eddie and Elsie this Christmas," said a young Negro mother yesterday. "We didn't even have money for meat, except once or twice a week."

I had met the young mother at the home of another Negro steel worker's family on Pittsburgh South Side. Her husband is a laborer in the Mellon family's Jones & Laughlin steel mill nearby. He is one of the million CIO steel workers who are demanding wage raises, better safety and health conditions and other things

By JANE GILBERT

PITTSBURGH, Calif., Dec. 31.—"Most steelworkers get substandard pay, and are fed up with it." The steelworker who spoke

as their union contract is about to expire.

"We just can't stretch the pay for presents any more," the young mother explained. "My husband gets paid every two weeks. He got only \$97 and a few cents take-home money after taxes on the paypay, two Fridays before Christmas."

The young housewife then took a paper and pencil to show me

was one of the 4,500 who man the Columbia steel plant in this Contra Costa county industrial town. It is a U. S. Steel subsidiary.

"Real steel wages are kept a secret," he went on. "The industry gets out propaganda claiming that the average wage is \$1.92 an hour. The union sets the figure around \$1.85. But the men in the plant know better."

He laughed. "There's a crack

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## WHAT YOU CAN DO NOW ABOUT FLORIDA TERROR

- Visit, write or wire your Congressman and Senator demanding they press for Presidential action against the murderers of Harry T. Moore. Demand introduction and passage of an anti-lynching bill carrying the death penalty to lynchers.

- Demand President Truman order the Attorney General to proceed against the Klan and other anti-Negro groups under the conspiracy statutes in the U. S. Criminal Code. Demand that he order the arrest and conviction of Sheriff Willie McCall, of Lake County, Florida, for the murder of Samuel Shepherd while manacled in his custody. Wire Gov. Fuller Warren, Tallahassee, Fla.

- Demand appointment of a special assistant U. S. Attorney General to conduct the Florida investigation and prosecution, removing the procedure from the hands of local U. S. Attorneys controlled by the white supremacist political machines.

- Demand the removal of FBI surveillance of progressives, and their assignment to Florida to protect the rights of the embattled Negroes.

- Write Mrs. Eleanor Roosevelt at the United Nations in Paris or at the Park Sheraton Hotel, New York City, demanding that she work to get the Civil Rights Congress petition against genocide before the United Nations.



# 406,261 Sign in Belgium for Big 5 Pact; 116,000 in Tunisia

PRAGUE, Dec. 31 (Telepress).—Signatures totaling 406,261 were collected in Belgium by Nov. 25 for a Peace Pact between the Five Great Powers, reports *Le Drapeau Rouge*. At the end of October, when the last Peace Conference was held in Brussels, there were only 380,500 signatures.

PARIS, Dec. 31 (Telepress).—In Tunisia over 115,000 people have already signed the Appeal for a Five Power Peace Pact. In spite of the state of emergency and the ban on the holding of meetings, which was issued by the colonialist French authorities in 1948, the signature campaign is daily growing in extent.

## PEACE NO JOKE TO THEM

SEATTLE, Dec. 31.—A television "joke" about the war being over in Korea was taken seriously by scores of peace-loving Seattleites here.

They flooded the TV station, newspaper and wire service telephones with calls wanting to know, "Is it really true?"

Station KING-TV showed a two-week-old film of a Garry Moore show, in which Moore excitedly displayed a copy of the New York Post of Nov. 28 with the shouting headline, "The War Is Over!"

That was the day peace broke out on the Korean fighting fronts and Chinese soldiers played volleyball within sight of U. S. troops.

"It was completely a joke," the switchboard operator explained sorrowfully, "but people took it to heart."

She estimated about 35 calls came in immediately. Scores of others queried other radio stations and newspapers.

"They wanted to know, was it really true, and when were their sons coming back," she said.

"It was really very heartbreaking to tell them it was just a joke."

The Seattle Times reported a similar reaction to the program when it was telecast in Los Angeles recently. The Times told of one woman who called, sighing with relief, to say: "I'm so glad the war is over."

## Carolina Woman Accuses Gov't Of Pushing War on Soviet Union

WINSTON-SALEM, N. C., Dec. 31.—It's not Russia which is "pushing a war on America" but "it's the other way around," asserts Mrs. R. L. Hodges of Dobson, N. C., in a letter to the Winston-Salem Journal. Mrs. Hodges declares (Dec. 20):

"Personally, I don't think Russia is pushing a war on America. I think it's the other way around. It's not the desire of our people, but that of certain politicians. . . ."

Mrs. Hodges replies as follows to the boast of North Carolina's Gov. Scott that the war has meant that "we are being paid higher prices for our cotton and tobacco." She says:

"Well, the large majority of us would gladly trade our higher prices in return for our boys in Korea who are fighting for an 'unknown caused' battle."

She writes: "It is so unfair, and un-American for our young men to have to forsake their lives in order that some deceitful, selfish souls may bask in the sunshine of their own sinful pride, while their wives are out strutting in mink coats. The poor, frostbitten soldier may never see his wife again."

Reflecting a confusion created by the demagoguery of such Republican leaders as Sen. Taft who have sought to capitalize on the public opposition to the Truman and Korean war, Mrs. Hodges added:

"Let's get the Democratic wing out of Washington, let's replace them with the peace-loving Republicans."

## French POWs Form Peace Unit In Viet Nam

PRAGUE, Dec. 31 (Telepress).—French officers taken prisoner by the Vietnam People's Army have organized a committee for peace and repatriation, the Vietnam News Agency reports. The aims of the committee are to struggle for a Five Power Pact, the end of the Vietnam war by the withdrawal of the French Expeditionary corps and to work for prisoners' repatriation.

The formation of the committee for peace and repatriation in the camp of officer prisoners, comments the Vietnam News Agency, is proof that these officers clearly realize the dirty character of the aggressive war waged by the French colonialists against the Vietnamese people for the benefit of American imperialism.

At a ceremony inaugurating the committee, Captain Maury Lucien, a former officer of the Third Foreign Legion Infantry Regiment, voiced, on behalf of all the officers, indignation against the monstrous crimes committed by the French colonialists in Vietnam.

Hear Pettis Perry  
St. Nicholas Arena, Jan. 4-7:30

## SOVIET CITIZENS VISIT BRITISH CITIES DURING USSR-BRITAIN AMITY MONTH

LONDON, Dec. 31 (ALN).—

British-Soviet Friendship Month has been marked by the visit of a group of well known Soviet citizens, including Mrs. T. Murashkina, deputy mayor of Stalingrad, and author Boris Pelevoy.

First stop in Britain for Mrs. Murashkina was Coventry, where she was the guest of the city government. Like Stalingrad, the British city was almost completely destroyed by the Nazis during the war.

Mrs. Murashkina, a dignified, slender and handsome woman, told Allied Labor News the "aim of our visit is to strengthen the ties of friendship and our mutual desire for peace with the British people."

She added that during her 2-day visit to Coventry she sought to convey this message from the people of Stalingrad and to "describe something of the frightful damage done to the city and also work which has been carried out since the war."

Polevy visited Wales where he toured the Rhondda Valley, talk-

ed to miners in their homes and saw the Maerdy Miners Institute—one of the finest in the valley.

"At the meetings which I addressed," he said, "in my contacts with the miners and other people, I sensed something which I have known for a long time: that the ordinary British people have warm feelings for my people—just as we Soviet people have for you."

Polevy said that wherever he went the people have eagerly questioned him about the USSR. As a result, he said, it was clear to him that many British people had "no clear conception of the Soviet Union, how its people live, of their fight for peace and of their great reconstruction schemes."

He added that the friendly way in which the questions were put to him had reinforced his belief that people here "had no desire for war with the Soviet people" but, on the contrary, "had strong feelings for peace and friendship."

One of the highlights of the Russians' visit was a concert at Festival Hall, crammed to its

3,000 capacity, where soprano Nadezhda Kazantseva and pianist Walter Nabum scored a great personal success.

The concert was organized on 10 days notice by the British-Soviet Friendship Society. Its outstanding success came as a surprise to Festival Hall authorities who first were reluctant to let the hall, fearing it would be more than half empty.

The house manager of the hall, when the concert ended amid ovations for the performers, commented: "A wonderful singer. Really a great occasion. I haven't heard such singing for years. We could do with more of her over here."

Prof. Vladimir Kemenov, leader of the Soviet goodwill mission, visited Folkstone with Mrs. Murashkina where they both addressed public meetings. Kemenov said stories of forced labor camps in the USSR were just "nonsense." He expressed his confidence that the good sense of the common people would triumph over the inventions about Soviet life spread in some British papers.

## Our Gov't Kept Korea from Ousting Fascists, Says Providence Woman

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Dec. 31.—The U.S. government has "prated democracy continuously" in its foreign policy, but has "unceasingly practiced fascism," charges Mabel Frances Conant in a letter to the Providence Journal (Dec. 19).

Had the U.S. permitted the Korean people to carry out their desire for the "removal and replacement" of the fascist Syngman Rhee as the head of the South Korean government, she asserts, "there is every reason to assume that conflict would have been avoided."

"We have given the continents of the Eastern Hemisphere abundant reason to believe," she states, "we are creating facilities and reserves with armed might in mind if not actual combat, with the purpose of ruling the surface of the globe through fear."

"As time passed" in the Korean war, she asserts, "it became evident that the masses of China were concerned—they too were striving for relief from grinding poverty and hopeless servitude and for self-expression; they threw themselves into the conflict ardently and practically with bare hands."

## Pittsburgher Says We're Losing Freedoms for an Anti-Soviet War

PITTSBURGH, Dec. 31.—America is in the process of losing its freedoms for an anti-Soviet war which is being sold to us as a war to "preserve" freedom, "W.J." charges in a letter to the Post-Gazette. The war program, W.J. sarcastically notes, is essential because "we've got to support the generals and admirals, especially the 461 in the Pentagon. If we don't support them, who will?"

The letter states: "This objecting to taxes on everything, no matter how severe they may be, is positively subversive. It is against 'our freedoms' and, most probably, against God. Besides it's un-American to object to anything our overlords want to do."

"We've got to support our boys in uniforms, especially the brass hats who never have enough of them."

"We've got to support our politicians and their political machines. How else would they live?"

"Above all, we've got to be prepared and to fight Communism or anything of that kind anywhere in the world at any time. We've got to fight anybody anywhere outside of Russia who thinks maybe he'd like a better government than the one he has. We can't have peace until the Soviet Government is overthrown, high authorities say, so we've got to fight. We've got to gird ourselves and fight to preserve 'our freedoms,' even if we necessarily lose them in the process."

## GI's Father Says Our Government Had No Right Being in Korea

OGDENSBURG, N. Y., Dec. 31.—"We didn't have any business there in the first place," the father of a local GI in Korea says of the Truman intervention. Quoted by the Journal of Dec. 20, Howard W. Bushey, father of Pfc. Joseph N. Bushey, declared he received a letter from his son two months ago "stating that he was a prisoner and that he was being well-treated."

Bushey backed the Korean proposal, which has been rejected by Gen. Ridgway, for a general exchange of prisoners, declaring: "It's a good idea—we want our own boys home."

The Journal story said: "Bushey added that his son, who was wounded in four places by shrapnel, hospitalized, and then sent back to the lines, where he was blown out of a foxhole, had both feet frozen, and was finally captured—all before he was 21—Didn't know what he was fighting for."

## Mexican Finds Europe Peoples Against War

By A. B. MAGIL

MEXICO CITY, Dec. 31.—(Telepress).—The opposition to war among the European peoples is greater than ever before, declared Vicente Lombardo Toledano, President of the Confederation of Latin American Workers (CTAL) and vice president of the World Federation of Trade Unions (WFTU), in a press conference here on his return from a European visit.

Lombardo Toledano, who attended the meetings of the World Peace Council in Vienna and of the WFTU Executive Committee in Berlin, declared: "Just as the Marshall Plan failed, so is the



LOMBARDO TOLEDANO

North Atlantic Pact condemned to failure." He stated that the rearming of Western Germany is "arousing the unanimous protest of European nations which for many years suffered the consequences of German imperialism" and within Germany itself the opposition to rearming is overwhelming.

Lombardo Toledano also drew a picture of life in the Soviet Union and the People's Democracies, which he visited during his trip. "In the People's Democracies—he stated—not only have pre-war production levels been surpassed but they are in the midst of great industrial development. No man or woman is unemployed, wages are rising and prices dropping. The spirit of the peoples is high because they are building a new life unknown before. To speak of war in these countries is to speak of suspending all this gigantic constructive activity and it arouses fierce opposition."

Speaking on the struggle for peace, Lombardo Toledano declared: "The United States Government wants the West European peoples to make war for its benefit but I am convinced they will not do it. Before the second World War imperialist governments could precipitate war without reckoning with the peoples' wishes but today no government can take a country into war without the favorable attitude of the people."

## Michiganders Ask Quashing of Smith Act Cases

DETROIT, Dec. 31.—The Michigan Peace Council at a recent meeting hailed the California decision voiding 12 Smith Act indictments. All attending the meeting signed telegrams to President Truman and Attorney General McGrath urging that they "seriously consider the quashing of all indictments under the Smith Act." This action, the telegrams asserted, would "restore the first amendment" to the U. S. Constitution.

Hear Arnold Johnson  
St. Nicholas Arena, Jan. 4-7:30



# Hear America's Most Important People!

Attend Smash the Smith Act Rally, St. Nicholas Arena, 69 W. 66 St., Jan. 4, 7:30 P.M.

## RIDGWAY ADMITS DEATH OF 6,600 POW'S IN U.S. CAMPS

Faced with a Korean-Chinese demand for an accounting of 44,000 war prisoners missing in the Pentagon list, Gen. Matthew Ridgway admitted yesterday that 6,600 of these prisoners had died in prisoner camps. Ridgway then made the astounding statement that the remainder of those whose names had not appeared in the original Pentagon list had been "reclassified" as "South Koreans" and were not listed because of that. What happened to these "reclassified" 37,000 Korean-Chinese prisoners was not made clear in Ridgway's reply. Rear Admiral R. E. Libby told the Koreans he would give them information by Jan. 4 on 1,456 other missing names on the Pentagon list.

Meanwhile, Pentagon negotiators were issuing "take-it-or-leave-it" ultimatums to the Koreans on the issue of airfields. The Pentagon insists that while the U. S. Air Force proceeds to stage jelly-bomb raids up and down North Korea from the "privileged sanctuary" of Japanese air bases, North Koreans shall be forbidden to rehabilitate their fields. The Pentagon will make no concession on this point, its representatives stated emphatically. The Koreans have made concessions on the original 38th Parallel which was to have been the truce line, on neutral inspection of both sides, proposing a five-nation team with "pro-West" nations in the majority, and another matters.

## 200 at Parley in Queens Set Rally on Slaying

Over 200 representatives of religious, fraternal and civic organizations from all parts of Queens overflowed a conference Sunday night at Haynes Congregational Church under auspices of the Jamaica NAACP to plan memorial and protest meetings next Sunday at 3:30 p.m. at St. Paul's Methodist Church, 108 Avenue and 173rd St., Jamaica for Harry T. Moore, NAACP leader who was murdered in Florida.

The main speaker at the conference was Gloster Current, national NAACP official who declared: "Some type of fascism is on the rise in Florida and nothing seems to be done about it." He scored inaction of Florida Gov. Fuller Warren and his whitewash of previous and charged: "The murders are being shielded by higher-ups. Scheduled to speak next Sunday is City Councilman Eric Treulich. Also being invited as speakers are Borough President James Lundy and other public officials.

## CONGRESSMAN THREATENS TO SHOOT DELEGATION

Rep. Charles A. Buckley, Bronx Democrat, may not have known it at the time, but on Sunday morning he epitomized the attitude of the entire U.S. Congress toward the civil rights of Negroes and Jews.

To a delegation of constituents who came to see him about the murder of Florida NAACP leader Harry Moore and the dynamiting of Negro homes and Jewish synagogues, Buckley shouted:

"If you ring the bell again I'll blow your brains out, you bastards. Go back to Russia, you sons of bitches."

All that was needed to complete the picture of the typical Congressman was for Buckley to have made a speech demanding war on Hungary for fining "our fliers."

The 62-year-old Democrat, whose 25th Congressional District includes many Jews and Negroes, is "on record" like his fellow Congressmen of both major parties as being in favor of civil rights.

But Sunday's ugly demonstration, with its threats of violence, its filthy language before a mixed group of his constituents and its assertion that anyone who op-

poses racist murder belongs in Russia, was a more accurate reflection of where Buckley—and his party—stands.

After Buckley turned away the American Labor Party and Civil Rights Congress delegation from his home at 21 W. 192 St., he boastfully admitted to the press that "Yes, sure," he did threaten to shoot his constituents.

Meanwhile, casualties continue to rise as the cease-fire for which the country had hoped when Soviet UN delegate Malik proposed an immediate halt to the fighting back in June continues to be rejected by the Pentagon negotiators.

## To Slash GI Benefits For Korea Veterans

WASHINGTON, Dec. 30.—A special House Committee will urge Congress soon to pass a sharply watered-down GI Bill of Rights for Korean veterans, it was disclosed today.

The group is planning to advise the House in January to rewrite the program by imposing tight new restrictions on benefits for men no win uniform.

(Basic veterans' benefits such as compensation for wounds and disease, free hospital care, and old age pensions are not involved. They are covered by other laws, and Korean veterans are included)

Hear Vito Marcantonio

St. Nicholas Arena, Jan. 4 — 7:30

Hear Arnold Johnson

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Hear Simon W. Gerson

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## 'WORKER' FUND DRIVE GOES OVER \$27,000

The Daily Worker Fund Appeal went over the \$27,000 mark as the final hours of 1951 were being ticked off yesterday.

Within the past few days, Marylanders came through with \$107, a group of distributive workers in New York collected \$49, and another \$25 arrived as a "New Year's greeting to the 'champion of world peace'" from LaCrosse, Wisconsin. These and other contributions brought the sum received since last Thursday to \$407, and the total to \$27,044.

Another \$11 came from the New York Trade Union Freedom of the

## Friday's Rally to Urge: Free Smith Act Victims

The immediate release by Presidential pardon of Eugene Dennis, John Williamson, Gus Hall, Carl Winter, John Gates, Irving Potash, Benjamin Davis and Jack Stachel will be demanded by the thousands attending the Smash the Smith Act rally at St. Nicholas Arena this Friday.

## WHAT GUS HALL SAID ABOUT ANTI-NEGRO GENOCIDE

Gus Hall, national secretary of the Communist Party, who was sentenced to an additional three years in jail Thursday on a charge of contempt of court, is a staunch fighter for the liberation of the Negro people. Following are excerpts from a speech he delivered last February at a meeting held in celebration of Negro History Week. The meeting was held under the auspices of the Communist Party.

"All the punitive powers of the government enforce the 'Nuremberg Laws' of Dixie, which proscribe the status of the Negro nation in our country as a disenfranchised, segregated, pariah caste—unprecedented in government and unspoken for in the law courts of the land! . . .

"Eighty-seven years after the freeing of the slaves, it is dangerous for the Negro citizen to vote. Masses of Negro citizens in the great majority, are kept from voting by the polltax, by state laws and by the fear of being shot, as has happened to many.

"Without continuous struggle the conditions of the Negro people would undoubtedly have been pushed back to where they were in the period of slavery. This has been, and is, the aim and outlook of the ruling class of the U.S.A. . . . But the dominant fact that stares us in the face is the continuation of a system of frameup and lynching, when legal lynching in the electric chair is on the increase, when there is discrimination, segregation in every walk of life, in every corner of the land."

## HARLEM PRESS GROUP MAPS DRIVE AGAINST FLA. GENOCIDE

The fight for Daily Worker circulation has been coupled with the fight against genocide in Florida, the Harlem Freedom of the Press Association announced yesterday.

The plan to obtain 750 subscriptions, Association leaders in Harlem asserted, is aimed at developing the widest discussion of stories and articles in The Worker and the Daily Worker on the Florida terror. According to the plan worked out at a conference last Sunday, the Association will organize house meetings of readers and their friends to discuss the news and background of the Florida bombings and murders in order to stimulate reader activity at the grass roots. In addition to current papers, canvassers will distribute thousands of fliers and leaflets on the bomb-assassinations of Harry T. Moore, the Florida NAACP leader.

Abner W. Berry, Daily Worker Negro Affairs editor, reported to the conference, calling attention to the fact that only The Worker would deal with the news and background of the Florida terror in a way to guide the people to the proper action. The responsibility for the terror deaths in Florida, Berry said, had to be placed at the doors of the federal

state and local governments.

The conference pledged to support the following activities in and out of Harlem in behalf of Negro rights and an end to genocidal acts now rising:

- Protest rally called by the American Labor Party in Golden Gate Ballroom tomorrow night (Wednesday).

- Meeting in support of the Smith Act victims, St. Nicholas Arena, 69 W. 66 St., Friday night.

- NAACP mass meeting this Sunday, 3 p.m., in Mt. Olivet Baptist Church, 120th St. and Lenox Ave.

- Trade unionists' symposium on Genocide Thursday, 7:30 p.m., in Webster Hall, 119 E. 11 St.

- All activities in connection with the Day of Prayer and Memorial Sunday in churches throughout Harlem.

## Report 14 Alive In Plane Crash

LITTLE VALLEY, N. Y.

Dec. 31.—Cattaraugus county sheriff's deputies reported today that the wreckage of a C-47 non-scheduled airliner has been found in dense woods.

This was announced yesterday by Marion Bachrach, treasurer of the Self-Defense Committee of the 17 victims of the Smith Act, who pointed out that the Friday rally will precede by two days the completion of six months of the five year prison terms imposed upon the Communist leaders after the first Foley Square frameup under the thought-control Smith Act.

It was also announced that Albert F. Lannon, a founder of the National Maritime Union; Simon W. Gerson, who received more than 50,000 votes when he ran for the City Council in 1948, and Arnold Johnson, former head of the Communist Party in Ohio, would address the meeting briefly, describing the "crime" with which they are charged under the Smith Act.

Others of the defendants who will describe the overt acts of meeting and writing with which they are charged will be announced at a later date. Guest speaker of the evening will be Vito Marcantonio, whose record in Congress as a fighter for peace, the rights of labor and the Negro people and Puerto Rican freedom, is second to none.

Elizabeth Gurley Flynn and Mr. Perry will act as their own counsel in the approaching Smith Act trial at Foley Square.

"Let your presence at the meeting speak for the absent ones in prison," Mrs. Bachrach said. "Your presence will be a political act of value, an act that will play its part in releasing those who have been convicted under the thought-control frameup of the Smith Act."

## Jerseyites Fight Negro's Extradition

BAYONNE, N.J., Dec. 31.—

Over 125 people urged New Jersey Governor Driscoll to withdraw his extradition decree ordering 22-year-old Sam Jordan, a Negro, back to Georgia, it was learned today. The meeting was held last weekend at Wallace Temple by the local branch of the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People. The meeting was chaired by Rev. C. H. S. Watkins, president of the local NAACP.

Jordan, who has lived with his mother in Bayonne for the past five years, was ordered extradited on Dec. 14, but widespread protest won a postponement until Jan. 3.

Jordan and two other Negro farmhands and two white men had been charged in Georgia with stealing seed peas in 1947. The white men were freed but the Negroes were convicted. Jordan's conviction was reversed and a new trial ordered, if the state could produce new evidence. Jordan, believing himself a free man, came to New Jersey. His former employer tried to lure him back to Georgia, but he refused, and extradition proceedings were begun.

Hear Elizabeth Gurley Flynn  
St. Nicholas Arena  
Friday, Jan. 4 — 7:30 p.m.



## Progressives Gain in L. A. News Guild

LOS ANGELES, Dec. 31.—Conservative forces in the Los Angeles Newspaper Guild were jolted loose from control of the CIO union in annual elections, results of which were made available today.

George Hutchinson, veteran circulation man, who for years was a progressive minority member on the Guild's national executive board, was elected full-time administrative officer of the local. He is a former local president and, prior to entering the newspaper business, was a rank and file leader in the railroad brotherhoods in the strikes of the early twenties. He beat his nearest opponent, conservative George Means, by nearly 100 votes.

The conservatives took the union presidency with the election of Artie Atwell. But Lu Haas, put forward at the last minute by progressives as a write-in candidate, gave Atwell a close run.

Two vice-presidencies were split, one going to progressive slate candidate George Lockwood, the other to conservative Bob Abramson. Lola Downs won the secretaryship against progressive Mary Kitano. Horace Blanco, supported on both slates, is treasurer.

Veteran progressive leader Harry Heller was elected sergeant-at-arms, while three of four executive board seats at large went to Jess Brown, Jack Rarick and Robert Perez, on the progressive slate; the fourth to Ted Diaz, conservative.

Bill Pigue, red-baiting arch-reactionary of the union, ran out of the money for executive board.

I'M SURE I will find no opposition when I say farewell to the past year, without a tear. It was full of the threat of atomic mass murder. Peace trembled in the balance, and war threatened the happiness of millions, even in those lands where capitalism can no longer exploit them. Blood of men, women and children was spilt daily in the so-called UN "police action", in Korea. Hunger is unappeased in India; Nazism had a rebirth in Europe, under American protection. American generals and business men made Western Europe and even Britain virtual colonies of the U. S. A. The growth of militarism and war preparations is causing unemployment, inflation, high taxes, high prices, and increasing insecurity not only in all those countries but in this country.

The other side of what American imperialism is attempting, to strangle the people's movements and set up economic and political control on a global scale has been evidenced here in the U. S. A. in 1951. But as yet there is not a sufficiently organized united people's resistance movement to meet the attacks of American imperialism at home, which would help the people of the world as well as ourselves. So the American people are increasingly under severe criticism in other lands. The genocidal attacks upon the Negro people have mounted to monstrous proportions.

THIS YEAR saw the brutal executions of innocent Willie McGee and the Martinsville Seven. Their only "crime" was to be a Negro in the South, where no Negro's life is safe.

The recent shameful and barbaric murder of shackled Negro prisoners by a Florida sheriff and the killing of Harry T. Moore, an NAACP representa-

## On the Way

by Abner W. Berry

### Dr. Lerner's Rather Short On Racism and Government

IT WAS GOOD the other day to see Dr. Max Lerner of the New York Post, forget his sex and psychology for a few paragraphs to protest against the assassination of Harry T. Moore, Florida NAACP leader. But, while protesting, Dr. Lerner, like so many other liberals who support the Truman Administration, sought to separate the crimes committed against the Negroes from the federal, state and local governments which sometimes sponsor, at other times inspire, and most always condone them.

Dr. Lerner accepts the fact that already three Negroes have been killed—two of them by law enforcement officers in connection with the Groveland "Little Scottsboro" case during the last two years. But he attributes this and the other acts of anti-Negro terror to "the puny hate movements that seem to infest Florida as they infest other states."

But the liberal Doctor should know his way around in that legal structure known as Law and Government. The law in Florida dictates that whites should so hate Negroes that no white child should want to go to school with Negro children; no white man or white man can love a Negro LEGALLY in Florida to the point of marriage; no friendship between a white person and a Negro can be sincere enough to overcome the Law which prescribes that Negroes must sit in the back

of buses and streetcars and ride the dirty front coach of railway trains. Hate in Florida is generated by state law.

The "puny hate groups" do not represent the lunatic fringe of racism; on the contrary they and the Law mutually support each other. It is an endless circle which can be broken only when the state power is converted from an enforcer of hate and murder into an instrument for justice.

A recognition of this source of racist terror would certainly give more meaning to the welcome protests of Dr. Lerner. For example, if not for his political illiteracy in this respect, D. Lerner could not have written in his last Thursday's column:

"I do not go along with William L. Patterson, one of the few remaining Negro spokesmen for Communism, who says that America is engaged in 'genocide'—that is to say, a planned mass extermination of Negroes."

OF COURSE, PATTERSON, who heads the Civil Rights Congress, has not accused "America," but the governments of the United States, the several states and the municipalities of practicing genocide against the Negro people. The label, "spokesman for Communism," applied to those who accuse the government of this crime, was borrowed by timid Lerner liberals from the men on Capitol Hill and the Pentagon who now are

wading in the blood of colored Asians.

But, most important, the good Doctor did not take the trouble to read the United Nations convention on Genocide or he would not have sloppily defined genocide as "planned mass extermination of Negroes." (Patterson's book, *We Charge Genocide*, does prove that there has been "planned mass extermination of Negroes" running to tens of thousands). The precise wording of the convention now binding on the U. S. reads:

"In the present convention, genocide means any of the following acts committed with intent to destroy, in whole or in part, a national, ethnical, racial or religious group, as such: (a) killing members of the group; (b) causing serious bodily or mental harm to members of the group; (c) deliberately inflicting on the group conditions of life calculated to bring about its physical destruction in whole or in part. . . ."

Article III of the Convention reads:

"The following acts shall be punishable: (a) Genocide; (b) conspiracy to commit genocide; direct and public incitement to commit genocide; complicity in genocide."

Dr. Lerner will agree with me that three Negroes have been murdered in the Groveland case, and that they were "a part" of the Negro people. He will also agree, I am sure that the Martinsville Seven and Willie McGee, along with hundreds of other "rape" frame-up victims, have been killed by laws made expressly to punish Negroes to prevent "blood pollution." Jim Crow, Dr. Lerner wrote, make it "hard . . . to be a Negro in America." Negroes, he could have added, die from it. It is enforced by law. And the death of Harry T. Moore only emphasizes the fact.

I hope Dr. Lerner's logic will keep pace with the emotion expressed last Thursday.

And from this poor textile city they sent \$25 to the Defense Fund of the Smith Act victims!

In Frankfort, Ill., the lives of 119 American coal miners were snuffed out in a death trap mine, as a Christmas present of capitalism to that little community.

IT IS NOT YET articulate or organized but the wrath of the American working class is today smoldering slowly, gathering perceptively and demonstratively. There is a constantly rising protest against political corruption and political persecutions under the McCarran Act, the Smith Act, the ever widening contempt proceedings and usurpation of power by the courts.

There is a growing sense of shame and outrage at what happens to their Negro fellow-workers.

The year 1952 should see all this organized into a powerful political movement of the people.

The voices and actions of the American people in 1952 assure the world that we and our country are not identical with the corrupt and desperate American ruling class, but our contempt for them is identical with that of people elsewhere.

Our start in New York City is the protest mass meeting to smash the Smith Act, at St. Nicholas Arena, Friday, Jan. 4. Let's make it an overflow meeting, that will quicken the hearts of peoples in other lands too. Let the new Congress hear a powerful demand: "Repeal the Smith Act! Stop all prosecutions! Free All Victims! Restore the Bill of Rights!"

## Press Roundup

THE MIRROR headlines: "White Paper Due on Seizure of U. S. Fliers." It's understood that Dean (that's Dean Acheson of Acheson & Truman, not Dean Martin of Martin & Lewis) will revive an old vaudeville wheeze for the occasion to demand—What the h— was Hungary doing out there under our plane?

THE NEWS winds up the year with such typical headlines: "Sitter Slays Child, 6, After TV Strangling"; "Suspect In Love Kidnaping Flees Cop Bullets, Caught"; "Slays His Girl, Stabs Nude Man" and "Wife Who Fatally Shot Cop, Held Without Bail." Doesn't it make your blood tingle with pride, knowing that we have men like Dean Acheson and Mr. Caudle working to preserve our anti-Communist way of life?

THE TIMES says that "every right-minded American will welcome and embrace" Acheson's policy to maintain in power the fascist South Korean regime of Syngman Rhee. (Acheson called it the "security of the Republic of Korea.") Judging from the polls which report the majority of citizens wants us to get out and leave Korea to the Koreans, every "right-minded American" seems to be outnumbered by a lot of left-minded Americans.

THE POST makes a big thing of a story which has it that the Truman government is reading a "stern warning to Moscow to keep its minions in check" and to "stop Communist satellite countries from holding American citizens for 'ransom' . . ." Isn't it a shame that all this high-pressure propaganda about "ransoms" is going to flop, and that long after everyone's forgotten the names of four freed airmen, most Americans will still sniff suspiciously when they hear the names of Caudle, Clark and McGrath?

THE WORLD TELEGRAPH isn't satisfied with the progress of the French imperialist gangsters in their "dirty war" against the Viet Name, so it calls the conflict "Mr. Acheson's war." In the unlikely event that the French, using their American arms, do better, the Telegram will discover that American participation in this imperialist butchery vindicates its boy, Gen. MacArthur.

THE HERALD TRIBUNE's Walter Lippmann pleads with Washington to avoid repetition of its "monumental folly" in attempting conquest of all Korea: "If we continue to make it our object to unify Korea—meaning by that a non-Communist Korea up to the Yalu River, then the Chinese and the Soviets will have every reason, and what is more important every opportunity, to exploit the turbulence we shall be encouraging in order to bring about a unified Korea of their own."—R. F.

## Daily Worker

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## A Better World

by Elizabeth Gurley Flynn

### The Old Year And the New

tive, who bravely fought for justice for his people—cry aloud against the protestations of freedom and democracy made by President Truman, Mrs. Roosevelt and all other spokesmen of the bipartisan administration. Their answer is, to try to jail William Patterson and keep Paul Robeson under "protective custody" in the U. S. A.

The world judges American words by American deeds and will be justifiably cynical until sheriffs, trigger-happy cops, and Klu Kluxers hang publicly in the U. S. A. for crimes against the Negro people. Until a government capable of a "police action" 3,000 miles away against unoffending people can control Florida, Virginia, Mississippi, Texas and all other hell holes of the South; can stop mobs in Illinois and other Northern states, can protect the lives of its Negro citizens, it can expect no respect in other lands; especially from colored peoples, nor among others in lands where such crimes are punishable by death.

What happens to the Negro people in the U. S. A. reverberates in Africa, Asia, South America, and Europe.

FOR THE AMERICAN WORKING CLASS, it has been a hard and bitter year, boundless profits piled up for the rich, and grafters in public life wallowed in corruption from coast

to coast.

I had a Christmas letter from Lawrence, Mass., where I was a strike leader in 1912. It says: "The war in Korea has multiplied the problems here tenfold. The agonizing speed-up, simultaneous with widespread unemployment is forcing upon the people tremendous suffering and hardship. As you might know, 20,000 out of a total working force of 40,000, are unemployed; and have been so, on and off for almost a year.

"The relief rolls are increasing in leaps and bounds, as a result of unemployment claims being exhausted. Many a family is going without heat this winter and numbers of workers have already moved out of town to find work in war production areas.

"Capitalism has always presented the workers with unemployment, and in the textile industry this has been particularly emphasized now with the war in Korea, rather than alleviating the problems of the workers in respect to jobs on war orders. The crisis in the textile industry, has become deeper and more complicated. The workers have not been convinced to accept guns instead of margarine."

COMING in the weekend WORKER  
An Spoeh of the South . . . By George Morris



## Daily Worker

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## WHAT 1952 CAN BRING

1952, SAY THE WASHINGTON politicians, must be the "year of decision."

What decision? We know what they mean by it. They mean that by 1952 they insist that there be in being a new Nazi army in West Germany, with "let bygones-be-by-gones."

This means that they will then start issuing "surrender-or-else" ultimatums to the calm, prosperous, peace-loving peoples of the Socialist nations from East Germany to People's China.

This is their stupid, but highly dangerous dream.

BUT 1952 CAN BE A YEAR of tremendous decision for the decent people of America and the world.

1952 can be the great year in which the world can see the utter defeat of the criminal and unworkable blueprint for "containing Russia" which is—as the Collier's Magazine showed—the blueprint for carrying out an atomic massacre of hundreds of millions of people, including American people. It can be the year for ending the anti-American crime known as the "police action" in Korea which brought grief to millions.

1952 can really be the year which sees the collapse and junking of the crazy, suicidal, impractical, and highly expensive Washington policy of refusing to live-and-let-live with the Soviet Union and the rising Socialist states of eastern Europe and China.

FOR THE FACT is that the "containment" policy by which the Acheson-Truman-Dulles leadership is spinning every peace offer of the Socialist countries is cracking.

It is sinking into deeper and deeper contradictions as it collides more and more with the working classes and the populations of all West Europe, with the independence-seeking nations of the Middle East, Asia and Africa, and with the firm peace policy of the Soviet Union and its allies.

As the Truman-Eisenhower plot for a New Axis against "Communism" arouses the fears and anger of the majority of the human race, the opportunity grows for a great peoples victory for world peace.

Three years of the Marshall Plan swindle—it comes to an end tonight—have plunged West Europe into misery, hunger, and mass unemployment. All Europe now sees that this scheme was only the prelude to the rearming of the hated German Nazis, and the stifling of all national industries which competed with Wall Street. Even Right Wing labor leaders have testified to the plan's evil effects.

The so-called "armament boom" in the U. S. A. rests on a foundation of fast-spreading unemployment in auto, textile, coal, retail, and other consumer goods industries. American labor is waking up to the fact that the so-called "defense" economy is rooking the common people through taxes, inflation, profiteering, while capitalist profits soar.

AMERICA IS ALSO WAKING up to the fact that the witchhunts and frameup jailings of Communists under the Smith Act is the spearhead of a fascist drive inside our country. This is the Hitler pattern, millions are beginning to see.

1951 began to see a turn in the tide against the terrorism of McCarthyism. The witchhunters in Washington were exposed as the country's worst grafters. Their answer will be more redbaiting, more "red scares" and more efforts to scuttle the Constitution. But the nation will fight back more than ever.

1951 WAS A YEAR of unprecedented violence against the great Negro people, crowned with the savage dynamite murder of the NAACP leader in Florida, Mr. Harry T. Moore following the murders of Willie McGee, Samuel Shepherd, and scores of others.

It is exactly 88 years ago that Lincoln signed the Emancipation Proclamation, Jan. 1, 1863. But the cause of Negro liberation is still to be won in the U. S. A. The fight mounts to world significance as William Patterson and Paul Robeson present to the UN the great liberty-seeking petition "We Charge Genocide!"

THE WARMAKERS AND the witchhunters are growing more fearful of the people. They announce new "trials" of Communists, new camps for "subversives"; the McCarran Act registering of foreign-born non-citizens begins today, Jan. 1, 1952, for the first time in American history.

But their fears are a tribute to the strength of the people, a strength which has many times before in our nation's history swept away the rogues, the red-baiters and the racists. Let us have faith in our people and our nation, striving to create in 1952 a great political peace, anti-graft, anti-witchhunt, anti-jimcrow movement in time for the presidential and local elections. Our nation can rout the un-Americans and the warmakers and march forward if the people make 1952 a year of their own decision.

## HERALD OF PEACE



## Reuther's Plan to Sacrifice Jobless to War Program

By WILLIAM ALBERTSON

II.  
The conference on "Defense Unemployment," while a tribute to the strength of the mass movement, is above all a gigantic attempt by Walter Reuther to deflect the mounting struggles into pro-war channels. The announced "approach and solution," elaborated in the Administration Letter of Oct. 11, clearly reflects the effort to convince the auto worker that the only road open to the UAW is all-out support to preparation for war and expanded war production.

An effort will be made to channelize the activities of the locals into support of a vigorous UAW campaign for "better planned" all-out work. In this way, Reuther will attempt to "deliver" auto workers to the Wall Street warmongers, and at the same time to dissipate, confuse and sidetrack the resistance movement within the UAW.

The conference theme is elaborated in advance in the form of a lengthy telegram dated Oct. 11 and sent to President Truman, Defense Mobilizer Wilson, and Production Chief Fleishmann, and reprinted in the UAW Administrative Newsletter sent to every local. It was later released to the press as the "theme" and program at the conference.

## "SACRIFICE" PLEDGE

Walter Reuther, in the telegram to the President, assures Big Business, "The working people of America are prepared to make whatever sacrifices are necessary to defend freedom against the threat of Communist tyranny, totalitarianism and aggression." (Read: To defend Wall Street's drive to dominate the world.)

The actions of the auto workers indicate that "sacrifice" is Reuther's program, not theirs. The truth is that there is a complete lack of enthusiasm for the war program in the shops.

Even in locals led by presidents who support Reuther, the official local union papers reflect anger at war profits, sarcasm when the stock market goes down at the mention of peace, defiance of those who shout "patriotism and equality of sacrifice" to deter struggles, and ever-growing doubts that war work will solve lay-offs.

Such an atmosphere exists that even Reuther does not use the "war" as argument against a strike or some such other mili-

tant action. And he does not dare to try to persuade the Negro auto workers that their freedom is threatened by "Communist tyranny, totalitarianism and aggression." It is the so-called "defenders of freedom," promoting the war program, who are responsible for discrimination, lynchings, Ciceros, bombing of Negro homes, shooting down of Negro prisoners framed on "rape" charges, etc.

Graft-ridden Washington officials and big business are interested in the kind of "freedom"—the "freedom" to plunder and pillage for profit. It should remind one of Al Capone who once made a "famous" statement about the need for all "good" citizens to rally together to defend America against Communism.

It is becoming more and more difficult for Mr. Reuther to sell the auto workers the noble pure "freedom" motives of Wall St. warmakers; when the workers see Taft-Hartley, Smith and McCarran Acts blacking out freedom of speech and press. These workers also wonder where the aggression really comes from when they read in the paper and hear over the radio the angry denial of President Truman that he ever agreed to a cease-fire in Korea!

In his telegram, Reuther further states:

"We believe a free people can be mobilized to meet the tasks ahead only if our nation's mobilization program is based on a fair sharing of the burden of sacrifice among all groups in our economy. . . ."

"American families are entitled to the same consideration in shift of our economy from civilian to defense production as Americans wealthy corporations. . . . Workers laid off as a result of defense mobilization policies should be provided 40 hours pay per week during the period they are suffering unemployment."

This is the worried advice Reuther gave to Truman and Wilson lest the auto workers get out of hand. He is certainly selling "a fair sharing of the burden of sacrifice" pretty cheaply. What sacrifice is he asking industry to make? To give up record-breaking profits? No! To give workers wage increases? No! To stop the Ford runaway shop? No! To give workers a \$40 Christmas bonus allowed even under WSB? No! To grant workers the 30 hour week with 40 hours pay? Of

course not! To puke FEPC into effect with teeth in it? Words, yes. Deeds, no! To reduce and roll back prices? No!

He is actually telling the big boys in Washington that if they increase unemployment compensation, it will make it easier for him to sell the doubting workers the war program plus a "fair sharing of sacrifice." And even at that, his proposal for increased compensation does not make it clear if he refers only to those workers laid off due to direct conversion in plants, or all workers who are laid off.

Auto workers realize that they have to fight for everything they get. They realize that there can be no "fair sharing of sacrifice" between auto barons who make billions out of arms production for war, and auto workers who face misery and death in the same war and who pay for the cost of war production through high taxes, high prices, wage freezes, and eventually their own lives or those of their sons.

Not even Henry Ford II has the nerve to write to his workers telling about how he is "sacrificing" and asking them to sacrifice also! Maybe Ford does not have to do this since Reuther does it for him.

## SCRAP COLLECTION

"Initiate a civilian scrap collection campaign to increase the available supply of scrap so that steel mills will not lose desperately needed steel tonnage because of the shortage of steel scrap. . . ." (Excerpt from Reuther's telegram).

The steelworkers now are hardly in the mood to collect scrap to increase the profits of the steel magnates. They are too busy fighting for a wage increase above the WSB formula.

Besides, to let Reuther in on a secret, both employed and unemployed would rather use their energy in "collecting" higher wages, fighting for a 30-hour week with 40 hours pay, for \$60 unemployment compensation, for FEPC and model clauses, and fighting for themselves not to become "civilian scrap" or cannon fodder.

Reuther further proposes to "establish a technical task force of top engineering and scientific personnel to concentrate on and coordinate research work to find satisfactory substitute materials for copper and other critically scarce materials."

If this keeps Reuther up nights, he should be informed (Continued on Page 6)



# STEEL WORKERS GIVE FACTS FBI

(Continued from Page 1)  
how the \$97 was spent on her family of four.

"I know where every dollar went," she told me. "I make out the list every payday. I stick to it pretty closely—I have to. If I spend an extra dollar at a sale—like one time when I bought 10 cans of peas for \$1—I have to knock that dollar off something else."

The first item was rent—\$26. This paid for three rooms for half a month at a monthly rent rate of \$52.

Most of the rest of the money went for food, as the reader can see. I am giving the budget as she wrote it down at her friend's dining table, while nine-year-old Eddie and six-year-old Elsie looked gravely on.

## THE BUDGET

(Note: All monthly items, such as electric lighting, telephones (an employer requirement) and rent are figured on a two-weekly basis. The money is set aside each payday.)

Rent	\$26.00
Telephone	3.00
Electricity	3.00
Debts, including medical bill	7.00
Insurance	4.00
Sears Roebuck acct. (workclothes, etc.)	3.00
Hus' and's Carfare, at 17 cents per	3.40
Newspapers	.90
Soap, other washing materials	1.50
Food	40.00
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$92.60</b>

That's \$5 less than the \$97 take-home pay. But the balance is always eaten up by unbudgeted necessities, the mother explained. Elsie's shoes got the money last pay-period.

I asked how she clothed the family on \$5 every two weeks, and paid all kinds of other emergency expenses out of that same \$5.

"We don't," she said. "We get some clothes from relatives, and we cut into the food allowance."

These hardships have made the young mother sick.

"I wish I could go out and work like other women," she told me. "I can't because I've been sick."

"Are most of the wives you know working?" I asked.

"Indeed they are," she replied.

"They have to, the way prices are. Most of the women I meet in the church have been working for several years. They get \$6 to \$7 a day at domestic work. Some work one or two days a week, some every day. They have to do it."

## Unions Act

(Continued from Page 1)  
"a blow against the Negro people and their struggle for democratic rights as American citizens and a blow against the civil rights of all people."

On Thursday night a meeting of over 500 workers of the Lower Manhattan Area of District 65 unanimously endorsed a resolution protesting the killing and demanding action for justice.

It was also announced by District 65 that two trainee organizers, one a Negro woman, Valerie Robinson, and Jimmy Isola will attend the funeral of Moore in Florida, Thursday.

THE PROVIDENCE Journal of Providence, R. I. for Dec. 28 declared "the federal government should not hesitate to step into the Florida situation with all its power in order to stop a rising Klanism at the very beginning. It further declared that the bomb murder of Harry T. Moore Florida Negro leader "throws the spotlight sharply upon a resurgent Ku Klux Klanism in that state."

"These outrages are not sporadic or spontaneous. Behind them is an organization playing upon the emotionalism of people sus-

(Continued from Page 1)  
we make about it. When somebody gives us one of those hopped-up 'averages' we say, 'Sure, and that's counting Ben Fairless pay, too.' (Fairless is president of U. S. Steel.)

This steelworker estimated that the vast majority of the men in the industry make \$1.50 to \$1.65 an hour for semi-skilled and skilled labor. Unskilled receive less than that. A few, he said, get good pay for performing highly skilled jobs.

"These special high rates are used for window dressing," he said. "The employers are always bringing them up. And, though I hate to admit it, my own union doesn't like to let out just how low the pay really is."

He said most of the steelworkers at Columbia have managed to skip along only by working overtime. For a 40-hour straight-time week, steel pay, he estimated, compares badly with the Bay Area standard for maritime, AFL building trades, and other industries.

SPEEDUP  
Another worker at the big U. S. Steel plant went into the matter of speedup and technological "improvements" which plague the steelworkers' lives. There have been several spontaneous walk-outs at Columbia against speedup.

"They set a killing pace," he said. "Many of the men can't stand it. Pensions and welfare is just pie in the sky to them. They kick the bucket before they're eligible. After 25 years in the industry, you're done for."

A third Columbia worker talked about the "axe" hanging constantly over the heads of steel families.

"We just live from pay day to pay day, under constant pressure," he said. "Many of the men carry an immense burden of debt. They buy necessities on installments. They don't have decent houses."

'END UP IN HOLE'  
This steelworker, an old timer, said he was better off back in the '20 and '30s.

"Say I make \$150 for two weeks now," he said. "I used to make \$65. Today they take \$25 in deductions, leaving me \$125. Then prices are twice as high today—rent, food, everything. I end up in the hole."

In a modest house on a side-street in Pittsburgh a steelworker's wife explained her problems in making the paycheck stretch far enough to cover the needs of a family.

"Even with the overtime my husband is making, we can't make ends meet," she said. "The women around here are hoping and even praying for a pay increase."

ceptable to racial and religious intolerance.

"The attitude of the governor of Florida, together with his past record as revealed by the Kefauver crime committee, is not sufficient to inspire the country with faith that he will do his duty in throttling this incipient Klanism."

The federal government, the Journal went on "has authority over the state. Under the Criminal Code it is illegal for any state or local official to deprive a citizen of equal rights and equal protection as guaranteed under the Fourteenth Amendment of the Constitution."

THE EDITORS of Masses & Mainstream yesterday denounced the murder of Harry T. Moore, Florida Negro leader, and called for "swift enactment of laws against lynching and jimcrow." The statement, signed by Samuel Sillen, Lloyd L. Brown and Herbert Aptheker, said: "In the United Nations, the U.S. government is trying to suppress the facts about the genocidal practice against the Negro people. But the murder of Harry T. Moore is a horrible fact that cannot be blotted out. The conscience of the world is aroused. It is the responsibility of decent-minded Americans to take the lead in pressing for a hearing by the United Nations on the petition charging genocide,

(Continued from Page 1)  
services on the appeal of the NAACP here which urged telegrams of protests be sent to President Truman, Attorney General McGrath and Governor Fuller T. Warren, of Florida. Many white churches and synagogues held parallel services.

The NAACP here has called for a mass meeting on Sunday at a Negro church which will be named later. Negroes will gather at a central point and march to the meeting place through Miami's streets. This will be the local response to the national NAACP's call for a day of protest across the country when silent processions will march.

The national convention here of Omega Psi Phi fraternity, prominent Negro organization, today passed a strong resolution demanding prompt federal and state action.

Cov. Fuller Warren continues to sidestep his responsibilities. He told Thurgood Marshall, chief NAACP counsel that a governor "is not invested with any general law enforcement authority. He has only the negative power to suspend county officials who neglect to enforce the law." This is hogwash. Even on his own patently specious terms, nobody has been arrested and nobody has been suspended. And the terror continues.

The local newspapers gave prominent front page notice of the protest to Truman by the National Council of Churches in Christ. Yesterday they carried accounts of other protests including those by former congressman Vito Marcantonio, for the American Labor Party.

The Negroes of Miami know they are not standing alone. "The Christmas night blast killing Harry T. Moore, NAACP state official,

for an end to the Truman Administration's policies which advance the genocidal pattern, and for the swift enactment of laws against lynching and jimcrow. Every moment that goes by without such action is a direct invitation to murder."

Over 250 Negro and white youth attending a Dance and Festival Saturday night at Paragon Hall, Brooklyn, passed a resolution demanding federal action to punish the bomb killers of Harry T. Moore, Florida Negro leader. The affair was sponsored by the Bedford-Stuyvesant Cultural Youth for the Freedom of Roosevelt Ward, Jr.

The audience was addressed by Mel Williamson, Labor Youth League National Administrative Secretary. The gathering also sent wires to U.S. Attorney General McGrath protesting the phony draft evasion frameup of Ward, New York State LYL leader, and calling for the dismissal of the indictment.

A MEETING of over 125 at the Wallace Temple, Bayonne, N. J. over the weekend called upon President Truman to act in the bomb murder of Harry T. Moore, Florida Negro leader. Sponsored by the local branch of the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People, the meeting was also urged to contact local Congressmen to demand their support for federal action.

THE HARLEM Region of the Communist Party issued thousands of leaflets over the weekend demanding the appointment of a federal prosecutor to stop Florida lynchings.

The Harlem CP charged that the "responsibility for the monstrous slaying of Harry T. Moore . . . lies at the doors of President Truman . . . and the Department of Justice." The killing of Moore, it declared, "is further proof of the genocidal charge against the U. S. government that the Civil Rights Congress has placed before the United Nations and which the government is trying hard to suppress."

has stirred a storm of protest heard all the way to the United Nations." That was the first sentence in the lead story in the current Miami Times, the local Negro weekly.

## Miami Negroes Refuse to Be Bombed Out

By Our Special Correspondent

Police cars prowl the Negro communities in this famous resort city day and night, passing any given corner every five minutes. But their vigil is not to ferret out the Klan-minded terrorists, but to intimidate the Negro people.

Your correspondent visited Carved City today, the Negro housing development which has been bombed three times. A Negro housewife told him that the police cars came through every four minutes or so.

But across the little street, in a large courtyard, three bombs went off three times since June, and nobody was arrested.

"But God was merciful" the housewife said, talking through the screen door, "one bomb knocked our front door off, but nobody was hurt." She believed somebody would be killed soon unless the authorities apprehended the murderers.

"I came to Florida from Birmingham" she said. "There the Klan burned a cross twice on my father's front yard. I come here to Miami and the bombs explode." She said the Klan must be changing its tactics. "In Alabama it burns crosses and comes in cavalcades of cars. I counted 35 when they came. Here, they lay bombs at night, sneaky-like, and deny they had anything to do with it."

But she said she is not moving out home," he said simply.

That spirit is typical of the Negroes in Miami. Your correspondent spoke to a prominent Negro citizen today, a man in the know, but cautious, reserved. After all, I am a stranger, and I am white. But he had this much to say:

"This case will be heard on the floor of the United Nations. I am sure it won't escape the attention of Mr. Vishinsky. And now this genocide charge is up. I can't see how the authorities can continue to let this go on. You can't refute genocide when murder is loose in Florida. He said all this must be a "laughing stock" of us as "democrats" in the eyes of the Asian and African peoples. "How can we explain this to the Indians, to the Egyptians?"

Your correspondent expressed his opinion that the Klan was responsible for the outrages. The local newspapers and authorities have shielded the terror outfit. "Anybody who ever read two paragraphs about the Klan" I said, "knows this is their handiwork. First Carver Village, and Negroes, were bombed; then the synagogues and Jews were bombed; then the Catholics. What else can it be but the Klan? And the police state authorities cover up for them because so many of them are Klan."

As we spoke a police car approached, a few feet from his door. The cops scanned both sides of the street. The Negro glanced at them and replied, non-committally, "You got something there."

## Classified Ads

FOR SALE  
(Appliances)  
BEFORE THE SNOW FLIES, Flexible Flyer sleds at 50 percent discounts. Standard Brand Distributors, 143 4th Ave. (13th and 14th Sts.) GR 3-7819.

SERVICES  
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SOPA rewebbed, relined, springs retied in your home. Reasonable. Furniture repaired, slipcovered, reupholstered. Careful attention, mornings 9-1. NYcanith 9-7887.

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JIMMIE'S Pickup, Trucking Service. Small jobs, shortest notice, dependable, reliable. UH 4-7769.

## Reuther's Plan

(Continued from Page 5)

that the big companies have engineers and scientific personnel who always look for ways to increase their profits through substitutes, new machinery, new methods of speedup and time study, etc. And the monopolists also have their high salaried executives to bury these innovations if they do not meet their immediate profit interests.

Reuther's telegram further stated, "Reduction in civilian production schedules have already resulted in widespread layoffs . . . defense contractors are being allocated too much material too soon. . . . Continuation of present civilian production schedules until defense jobs are available will void further unemployment and hardship."

Life is so simple for Reuther, that he thinks the mere allocation of more steel, copper or aluminum to this or that auto plant will stop lay-offs until that day when "defense production jobs are available to take up the slack in unemployment." It sounds good, sounds easy, but it means as much as the promise made by President Truman on July 28, on the occasion of his appearance in Detroit in connection with the city's 250th Birthday Celebration, when he said, "I don't propose to let the working men of Detroit suffer any unemployment that can be avoided."

Since then, five months ago, unemployment has increased over ten times!

## Shopper's Guide

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IT'S SO INEXPENSIVE  
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British imported men's suiting value \$17.00  
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# Movie Record for 1951

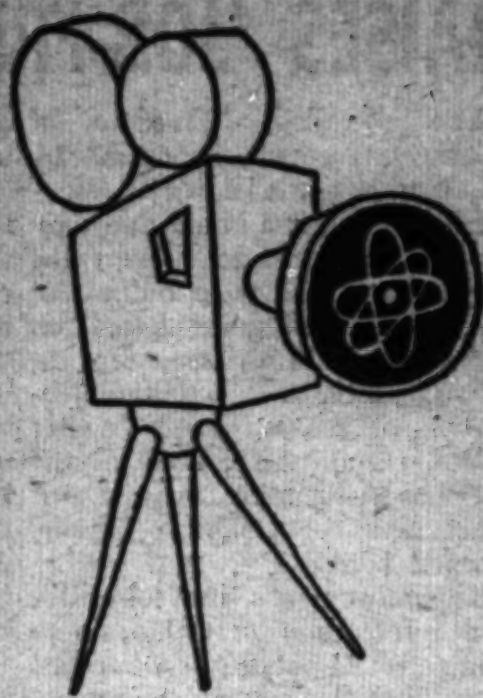
By DAVID FLATT

IN 1951, the 10 films we enjoyed the most were: *Miners of Don* (USSR), *Saturday's Heroes* (Hollywood), *Under the Olive Trees* (Italy), *Passion for Life* (French), *Bountiful Summer* (USSR), *Miracle in Milan* (Italy), *Mossorsky* (USSR), *Goose Boy* (Hungary), *The Wide Road* (Poland), *Emperor's Nightingale* (Czechoslovakia).

IN 1951, 300 independent theatre owners in Ohio were advised by their organization, the Independent Theatre Owners of Ohio, not to book a film, endorsed by President Truman, which attempts to justify the sending of American troops to fight in Korea.

"Millions of Americans disagree with the administration's Korean policy and shouldn't be forced to sit through the film 'Why Korea', the theatre owners were told by P. J. Wood, secretary of the Independent Theatre Owners Association. In expressing his views to John R. Steelman, Presidential adviser, Wood asked if the Administration intends to show the other side of the controversy by authorizing the production of a film titled 'Why We Should Get Out of Korea'?

IN 1951, Larry Parks and Edward Dmytryk turned informer for the Un-American Committee to protect their movie careers and bank books . . . John Garfield, Jose Ferrer, Edward G. Robinson and Abe Burrows also displayed miserable servility and cowardice before the witchhunters. Robinson went down on his hands and knees and begged the witchhunters to forgive him for the crime of being a decent human being and liberal in the 1930s and 40s. He was assured that the suspicions that he was "pro-Communist" were unfounded and would be disregarded. But Robinson told friends that the whispers which have not stopped have cost him a million dollars. He has not been able to get work in films or radio for a long time. To further prove his loyalty to the Big Money Robinson agreed to play the lead in



the out of town production of the Sidney Kingsley-Arthur Koestler warmongering play *Darkness At Noon* . . .

In contrast to these betrayers of the Roosevelt tradition was the courageous stand taken by Gale Sondergaard, Howard da Silva, Waldo Salt, Michael Wilson, Philip Stevenson, Henry Blankfort, Houston Chamberlain, Will Geer, Paul Jarrico and many other Hollywood artists . . . Jarrico was fired from his screen writing job at RKO the same day he announced that if "I had to choose between crawling in the mud with Larry Parks or going to jail like my courageous friends, the Hollywood Ten, you can be sure I'll choose the latter".

Sam Wanamaker, the actor, pointed out that Hedda Hopper, the syndicated movie columnist, has but to print one line—only one line—about something you did—whether true or not—and you're through working in Hollywood. . . .

IN 1951, the Johnston office approved the *Oliver Twist* film for showing in regular theatres over the objection of several of its officers who argued that the minor revisions made by the movie company did not eliminate its anti-Semitism and it was therefore undeserving of an official purity seal. The picketing and protests

organized by the Left prevented *Oliver Twist* from spreading to the neighborhoods (in New York) following its run on Park Ave. . . .

IN 1951, Cecil Blount DeMille, anti-labor Hollywood producer who founded movie leg art and has devoted his past 20 years to sexing up Biblical stories reached the ripe age of 70. . . . The important Catholic weekly *Commonweal* rapped Cardinal Spellman's crusade against the Italian movie, *The Miracle as "semi-ecclesiastical McCarthyism."* . . .

Warners anti-Semitic, anti-Negro and anti-labor film "I Was A Communist for the FBI" was plugged by David Dubinsky's Jewish Labor Committee but it flopped all over the country nevertheless. . . . Dreiser's great novel, "An American Tragedy" trimmed down to Hollywood slickness by Paramount. The novel was a scathing indictment of the society that caused the tragedy of Clyde Griffiths. The movie indicted Clyde Griffiths—not quite the same thing. . . .

IN the latter part of 1951 thousands of New Yorkers took part in the mighty neighborhood demonstrations against *The Desert Fox*. The campaign against this pro-Nazi film led by the N. Y. Veterans For Peace was a smashing success. Militant picketlines in dozens of neighborhoods received wide community support. Veterans played a leading role in this fight. The Jewish War Veterans, for example, participated in all levels of the fight. The Kings County American Legion also protested the pro-Nazi film. A delegation, led by a J. W. V. post, induced two Queens theatres to withdraw *Desert Fox* and substitute *Desert Victory*, a British film describing the Nazi defeat by allied forces in North Africa.

The campaign was so effective that he film's box office has fallen drastically, according to leading trade papers. *The Desert Fox* started at 2nd place, declined to 12th and is still dropping rapidly.

Now the fight begins to prevent its export to western Germany—a Germany characterized by the revival of the Officer-Corps, the rapid growth of pro-Nazi political parties and the resurgence of neo-Fascist nationalism. . . .

In 1951 those who joined the picketlines to inform the unwary filmgoers of the poison in store for him inside, performed a genuine patriotic service. The entire country can now see what the Un-American Committee was aiming at when it began its witchhunt in Hollywood four years ago. It was to eliminate every progressive thought in films in order to push through anti-American films like *The Desert Fox*.

It was for this that writers and directors like Herbert Biberman, Lester Cole, John Howard Lawson, Dalton Trumbo, Albert Maltz were hounded out of the industry. It was for this that the witchhunters murdered Mady Christians, Roman Bohnen and J. Edward Bromberg. As *The Desert Fox* continues to smell up the country, the picketlines deserve the widest support as actions of true Americanism. Happy New Year!

## 'Iron City' to Be Published in Germany

A German edition of Lloyd L. Brown's novel, *Iron City*, has been announced for early publication by Dietz Verlag, leading book publishers of the German Democratic Republic.

The first printing of 10,000 copies will appear under the title, *Die Eisene Stadt*.

*Masses & Mainstream*, original publishers of the novel, are planning a third U.S. printing.

Hear Vito Marcantonio  
St. Nicholas Arena, Jan. 4—7:30

# on the scoreboard—

by lester rodney

## Satch, Carl, Bob and Charley Pitching . . .

AND SO TO the pitchers and to wind up our 1936-to-the-present Allstar team and bull session. And it is in pitching where the arbitrary dividing line really pinches on one selection.

We are picking four pitchers for the first team and four for the second. Looking at the table you will note Dizzy Dean on the second team. And I'm a Dean man. The answer is that he could be rated for this team only on one last good year, 1938, when he won 24 and lost 13. After that the trusty right arm didn't have it any more.

I don't remember any greater big league pitcher than the Dean of the two years just before our touchstone year. In '34 and '35 the self-proclaimed Great One (an understatement) had marks of 30-7 and 28-12. In his last good year, '38 he was just 25 years old, so the Card hierarchy really shortchanged itself—and the game—in overworking young Diz. He really knew whereof he was speaking when he advised young players to "get it while you kin!"

Now to our first team's pitchers. It is pretty thoroughly known by ballplayers, fans and "baseball people" from one end of the land to another that Leroy (Satchel) Paige was the greatest of modern American pitchers. Like catcher Gibson, Satch was a super-star who would have changed the game's recorded history depending on the team he would

## SCOREBOARD'S ALL-STAR TEAM FROM 1936 THROUGH 1951

LOU CEHRIG	1B	HANK GREENBERG
JACKIE ROBINSON	2B	CHARLEY Gehringer
LUKE APPLING	SS	PHIL RIZZUTO
RED ROLFE	3B	GEORGE KELL
TED WILLIAMS	OF	DUCKY MEDWICK
JOE DIMAGGIO	OF	LLOYD WANER
STAN MUSIAL	OF	PAUL WANER
JOSH GIBSON	C	BILL DICKEY
SACHELL PAIGE	P	DIZ DEAN
BOB FELLER	P	PAUL DERRINGER
CARL HUBBELL	P	BUCKY WALTERS
RED RUFFING	P	JOE PAGE

have been with had the blight of Jim Crow not kept him out of the game in his long and glorious prime, when the people of Latin America could cheer him in league play but the people of his own United States could not.

Since we just mentioned Dean, suppose we just let the tributes go at Dizzy's, one great and honest pitcher to another: "Satchel is a better pitcher than I am, ever was or ever will be." In 1948, when Paige was already over 40 and helped the Indians to their first pennant in 23 years at the invitation of Bill Veeck, winning six and losing one in a few months, I heard members of the Cleveland team like catcher Hegan and pitcher Muncie say in absolute awe: "Imagine how he must have been when he was younger. There couldn't have been anyone as good as him." It's interesting that the 40 plus Paige won on exemplary control and variety. For in the several decades when he really had it, he was the FASTEST pitcher of them all, and still had the control, curves and change-ups.

THEN COMES Carl Hubbell, the lean southpaw with the subtle variety of screwballs and much faster fast ball than most realized from the stands. His name usually immediately recalls the Allstar Game of 1934 when he fanned Ruth, Gehrig, Fox, Simmons and Cronin in a row. But actually his greatest season was our starting point, 1936, when he pitched the Giants into the World Series with a remarkable 26-6 year, finishing with 16 straight wins and opening the Series by beating the Yanks 6-1. The next year, Bill Terry's "Meal Ticket" did it again with a 22-3 season.

He was a beauty, was long-knickerbockered Carl. The picture persists of him standing always so coolly out on the mound with some mighty righthanded socker at bat, than said batter doing absolutely nothing with one of three-speed variety of slants breaking AWAY from him.

Bob Feller is an obvious nominee. Like DiMag, Bob came up in '36, though four years younger than Joe. Like DiMag, he had just about hit his peak when World War II interrupted his career. The bullet-balling young Iowan with the pretzel-coil windup hit marks of 24-9, 27-11 and 25-13 before going into the Navy. It seems reasonable to suppose that normally he would have joined Dean in the modern 30 winner class. For when he came back he still was good enough to win 26 and shatter strikeout marks in 1946. Say, the guy won 23 this season!

Red Ruffing, oddly enough, did his great pitching for the Yankees and yet is generally underrated. He belongs with the modern titans. Perhaps it was because he had some mediocre records with the Red Sox before developing fully at the Stadium—perhaps because of the uncolorful, mechanical and "dull" way he overpowered the opposition in season play and World Series alike . . . anyhow, the big guy from the soft coal Illinois region (where as a boy his foot was crushed in a mine accident much like the Frankfort horror) was the pitching heart of the great teams which won their pennants and World Championships in 1936, '37, '38 and '39. No matter how good the team was in back of him, he still had to be one fine pitcher to run up records of 20-12, 20-7, 21-7, 21-7. The biggest compliment Vic Raschi ever got was that he reminded someone of Red Ruffing. But Ruffing was Raschi on his best days, and consistently!

ALONG WITH DEAN on our second quartet we put Paul Derringer, the high-kicking righthanded ace who hit a 25-7 peak in 1939, around which he had 21-14 and 20-12 performances; his teammate Bucky Walters, who made it 27-11 in '39 and followed with 22 and 19 game years; and Joe Page, the wonderful Yankee relief pitcher of '47 and '49 particularly, when he could throttle a game for five, six innings almost every other day.

Also considered and certainly worthy of mention: Hal Newhouser of wartime and immediate postwar vintage; the great Lefty Grove at the ages of 35, 36, 37 and 38, still good enough to chalk up marks of 17-12, 17-9, 14-4 and 15-4; Lefty Gomez of '37 and '38 when he won 21 and 18 but was well past his peak; and of the current bunch, Lemon, Maglie, Raschi, Reynolds, Lopat and Spahn.

There we are. All comments welcomed, folks (good as well as bad!).

## Ted Tinsley Says

### Sir David Plays on His Harp

Sir David Kelly, a former British Ambassador to the Soviet Union, has added his mite to the general confusion with an article in the Times magazine section. Under the gay title *The 'Counter-Revolution' in Russia*, Sir David writes: "I think it would be true to say that, to the average Westerner, socialism means primarily social equality and that this is more important than the nationalization of production and distribution, which indeed all the Western Socialist parties seem in practice to be quietly dropping."

Who cares about the "nationalization of production" as long as Bavin can have lunch with Eden, or Norman Thomas with C. E. Wilson? I don't think Sir David should have been so blunt about some sections of the Socialist parties of the "west." But maybe we can reach an agreement with him. He can have lunch with anybody he wants. Just give us the factories and we'll call it even.

Sir David also explains that the Soviet Union isn't really a "proletarian society." Historically, he writes, the Russian, "though intelligent and capable of spurts of great activity, was essentially lazy." Therefore "the immense industrial progress" which the Soviet Union has achieved would be impossible "if Russia were really a proletarian society dominated by the factory or farm worker."

Who, then, achieved "the immense industrial progress"? Grem-lins, leprechauns, elves, sprites, and the little lady with wings on the White Rock label?

Sir David then bolsters his argu-

ment with a quotation from Lord Palmerston, who delivered a speech on Russian foreign policy to the House of Commons. Unfortunately, the speech was made in 1860, when Lord Palmerston's understanding of the Soviet Union was understandably deficient.

Sir David tells us that "the Russian is at heart a nomad, with no feeling for continuity and evolution, who gets a thrill from being pulled up by the roots. . . ." This is so because "it is in keeping with his endless featureless plains and his climate with its dramatic changes from semi-arctic winter to continental summer."

This also explains why people from the Rocky Mountains are hard-headed, and why people from the Mississippi Valley are watery. Everyone knows that people from the Kansas plains are flat-headed, and New York City, surrounded as it is by water, is full of fisher folk.

Sir David is a little nervous all through his article. He's not quite happy at the way Truman is trying to bull his way through (using Britain as a shield), and he writes a sort of pathetic peroration to his piece. The Western nations, he declares, must "convince the Soviet Government and people that the rebuilding of our defenses really is (as we ourselves know in our bones) for our self-preservation."

Well, Sir David, you've got your bones, I've got mine.

Speak for your own bones, brother.

Thanks to R. A. for \$3; to E. C. for \$10, and to Chris A. of Inwood for \$10.



## Jersey, NY Unions Act on Fla. Murder

Labor actions for justice in the Christmas Day bomb murder of Harry T. Moore, Florida Negro leader increased over the weekend it was learned yesterday.

In Newark, Saturday, thousands of leaflets were distributed in the central shopping district around Broad and Market St. by locals of the Furriers union, Mine, Mill, and Smelter Workers, and with United Electrical Workers, District 4. The leaflets called on President to act against the Florida terror against Negroes, Jews, and Catholics and demanded immediate and thorough action in finding and punishing Moore's killers.

In Brooklyn and Ozone Park, Queen, Friday a leaflet demanding justice in the case was distributed by the Anti-Discrimination Committee of UE Local 475 to the workers of the Supreme Knitting plants.

The local also distributed the leaflet to workers at the International Projector Corporation in

Rights laws to assure the arrest and convictions of the guilty." The Local's president, Sam Kovenetsky denounced the attacks on the Negro, Jewish and Catholic people in the state of Florida and termed the murder of Mr. Moore (Continued on Page 6)

## A Happy New Year

# Daily Worker

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(8 Pages)

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New York, Tuesday, January 1, 1952

# FBI Ignores Suspects in Murder of Fla. Negro

By Our Special Correspondent

MIAMI, Fla., Dec. 31.—The FBI and state authorities have not even bothered to question the list of three suspects provided by Mrs. Harriet Moore, badly wounded widow of the murdered Negro leader, Harry T. Moore. Stephen Turnbull, Miami Herald correspondent in the Titusville

## 'Please Print This,' Says Negro Cleric

Editor, Daily Worker:

As a Negro gospel preacher, formerly of New Orleans, La., I came to New York a few years ago as a victim of jimcrow justice seeking freedom and equality.

I can't feel free, even here when such incidents happen as in Florida concerning the bombing of a Negro home, in which a Negro was killed and his wife has a 50-50 chance to live.

I understand Florida to be the playground of our civil-rights promising President. I noticed he intervened in the war in Korea, 5,000 miles from America, and ordered colored as well as white to go to slaughter people that never have done anything to this country.

But he will not intervene in such shameful cases as the electrocution of innocent Negroes and the recent bombing of a Florida home, and terrorizing action against the Jewish people as well. I know that the blood of many innocent Negro victims is crying out against this country.

The Bible tells me everybody must reap what they sow. This country can make all the A-bombs and H-bombs they want to, but according to the Bible this country must pay for the blood of these innocent people.

The Bible does not lie. While reading the New York Post I noticed where the Florida officials say they believe that the Negro home was bombed by people outside of this country.

Please tell me what the Negroes have done to people outside of this country? Please print this.

## GET BOMB THREAT FOR SALE OF HOUSE TO NEGRO

DETROIT, Dec. 31.—Bomb threats have been made against a white couple who just sold their home to a Negro family.

Mr. and Mrs. Morris Davidson, of 3785 Elmhurst, reported to the Civil Rights Congress that several anonymous phone calls had threatened to bomb their residents "and

everybody in it" after its sale to Mr. and Mrs. Leonard Graham.

Police are investigating a fire which was started in the Davidson garage and have promised the Davidsons and their two children protection. A neighborhood committee to prevent the threatened violence has been formed.

area reports that "If any suspect has even been questioned, that fact is unknown in this little community—where secrets are hard to keep." Walter White, national secretary of the NAACP, was reported to have provided a similar list.

Other late developments in the racist murder of the NAACP leader by Klan-Minded terrorists on Christmas Day are:

- The Miami NAACP has called for a "mass turnout" to Mr. Moore's funeral to be held New Year's Day "to show the culprits we don't scare easily." It called for "an overflow of memberships as our answer to this terrorism."

- The funeral will be held in the small town of Titusville, in rural Central Florida, amid the orange groves a few miles from Mims where Mr. Moore was killed.

- Mrs. Moore seriously injured by the same bomb that killed her husband, gave a list of suspects to the FBI, the Miami Times, a Negro weekly here, declared.

- Walter White, national secretary of the NAACP, now at Orlando, scoffed at reports spread by Florida authorities that "Communists" were responsible for the outrages. "Law and order have completely fallen down here in Florida" he said. There is no telling where a thing like this could end. It starts out with the bombing of Negroes, then goes to Jews, Catholics, Baptists and on and on."

White declared his certainty that the Florida Negro leader was murdered because he had spoken out against the Groveland atrocities.

White said the NAACP had names of at least three persons who had recently made statements to the effect that "too many Ne-

groes were getting 'funny ideas like Harry Moore—that Moore had been pushing things too fast'."

Meanwhile the Negro community of Miami is demanding action—and is in action itself. All Negro churches Sunday held special (Continued on Page 6)

## McGrath Finds Time to Plan 'Hitlervilles'

WASHINGTON, Dec. 31.—Attorney General J. Howard McGrath hasn't gotten around to finding the Ku Klux killers of Florida Negro leader Harry Moore; but he's got the manpower, time money—and inclination—to devote to readying Nazi-like concentration camps for American progressives.

McGrath, whose tawdry career was recently capped by an anti-Semitic speech to a lawyers' convention, was reported here today to be using federal prison labor (forced labor, in other words, in the Nazi tradition) to prepare three concentration camps housing more than 3,000 prisoners.

The locations are given as Wickenburg, Ariz., Florence, Ariz. and El Reno, Okla. Other possible sites for "Hitlervilles" include Tule Lake, Cal., where 20,000 Japanese-Americans were held during World War II.

The project is under the direction of James V. Bennett, a McGrath aide who heads the Federal Bureau of Prisons. Potential inmates of the Hitlervilles would be what McGrath, the pal of the tax chiselers, calls 'dangerous subversives.'

## WHAT YOU CAN DO NOW ABOUT FLORIDA TERROR

- "Visit, write or wire your Congressman and Senator demanding they press for Presidential action against the murderers of Harry T. Moore. Demand introduction and passage of an anti-lynching bill carrying the death penalty to lynchers."

- Demand President Truman order the Attorney General to proceed against the Klan and other anti-Negro groups under the conspiracy statutes in the U. S. Criminal Code. Demand that he order the arrest and conviction of Sheriff Willie McCall, of Lake County, Florida, for the murder of Samuel Shepherd while manacled in his custody. Wire Gov. Fuller Warren, Tallahassee, Fla.

- Demand appointment of a special assistant U. S. Attorney General to conduct the Florida investigation and prosecution, removing the procedure from the hands of local U. S. Attorneys controlled by the white supremacist political machines.

- Demand the removal of FBI surveillance of progressives, and their assignment to Florida to protect the rights of the embattled Negroes.

- Write Mrs. Eleanor Roosevelt at the United Nations in Paris or at the Park Sheraton Hotel, New York City, demanding that she work to get the Civil Rights Congress petition against genocide before the United Nations.

## Steel Workers in Penn., Cal., Give Facts on Pay

By ART SHIELDS

PITTSBURGH, Dec. 31.—"Santa Claus didn't visit my little Eddie and Elsie this Christmas," said a young Negro mother yesterday. "We didn't even have money for meat, except once or twice a week."

I had met the young mother at the home of another Negro steel worker's family on Pittsburgh South Side. Her husband is a laborer in the Mellon family's Jones & Laughlin steel mill nearby. He is one of the million CIO steel workers who are demanding wage raises, better safety and health conditions and other things

By JANE GILBERT

PITTSBURG, Calif., Dec. 31.—"Most steelworkers get substandard pay, and are fed up with it." The steelworker who spoke

as their union contract is about to expire.

"We just can't stretch the pay for presents any more," the young mother explained. "My husband gets paid every two weeks. He got only \$97 and a few cents take-home money after taxes on the payday, two Fridays before Christmas."

The young housewife then took a paper and pencil to show me (Continued on Page 6)

was one of the 4,500 who man the Columbia steel plant in this Contra Costa county industrial town. It is a U. S. Steel subsidiary.

"Real steel wages are kept a secret," he went on. "The industry gets out propaganda claiming that the average wage is \$1.92 an hour. The union sets the figure around \$1.85. But the men in the plant know better."

He laughed. "There's a crack (Continued on Page 6)



# 406,261 Sign in Belgium for Big 5 Pact; 116,000 in Tunisia

PRAGUE, Dec. 31 (Telepress).—Signatures totaling 406,261 were collected in Belgium by Nov. 25 for a Peace Pact between the Five Great Powers, reports Le Drapeau Rouge. At the end of October, when the last Peace Conference was held in Brussels, there were only 380,500 signatures.

PARIS, Dec. 31 (Telepress).—In Tunisia over 115,000 people have already signed the Appeal for a Five Power Peace Pact. In spite of the state of emergency and the ban on the holding of meetings, which was issued by the colonialist French authorities in 1948, the signature campaign is daily growing in extent.

## PEACE NO JOKE TO THEM

SEATTLE, Dec. 31.—A television "joke" about the war being over in Korea was taken seriously by scores of peace-loving Seattleites here.

They flooded the TV station, newspaper and wire service telephones with calls wanting to know, "Is it really true?"

Station KING-TV showed a two-week-old film of a Carry Moore show, in which Moore excitedly displayed a copy of the New York Post of Nov. 28 with the shouting headline, "The War Is Over!"

That was the day peace broke out on the Korean fighting fronts and Chinese soldiers played volleyball within sight of U. S. troops.

"It was completely a joke," the switchboard operator explained sorrowfully, "but people took it to heart."

She estimated about 35 calls came in immediately. Scores of others queried other radio stations and newspapers.

"They wanted to know, was it really true, and when were their sons coming back," she said.

"It was really very heartbreaking to tell them it was just a joke."

The Seattle Times reported a similar reaction to the program when it was telecast in Los Angeles recently. The Times told of one woman who called, sighing with relief, to say: "I'm so glad the war is over."

## Carolina Woman Accuses Gov't Of Pushing War on Soviet Union

WINSTON-SALEM, N. C., Dec. 31.—It's not Russia which is "pushing a war on America" but "it's the other way around," asserts Mrs. R. L. Hodges of Dobson, N. C., in a letter to the Winston-Salem Journal. Mrs. Hodges declares (Dec. 20):

"Personally, I don't think Russia is pushing a war on America. I think it's the other way around. It's not the desire of our people, but that of certain politicians."

Mrs. Hodges replies as follows to the boast of North Carolina's Gov. Scott that the war has meant that "we are being paid higher prices for our cotton and tobacco." She says:

"Well, the large majority of us would gladly trade our higher prices in return for our boys in Korea who are fighting for an 'unknown caused' battle."

She writes: "It is so unfair, and un-American for our young men to have to forsake their lives in order that some deceitful, selfish souls may bask in the sunshine of their own sinful pride, while their wives are out strutting in mink coats. The poor, frostbitten soldier may never see his wife again."

Reflecting a confusion created by the demagoguery of such Republican leaders as Sen. Taft who have sought to capitalize on the public opposition to the Truman and Korean war, Mrs. Hodges added:

"Let's get the Democratic wing out of Washington, let's replace them with the peace-loving Republicans."

## French POWs Form Peace Unit In Viet Nam

PRAGUE, Dec. 31 (Telepress).—French officers taken prisoner by the Vietnam People's Army have organized a committee for peace and repatriation, the Vietnam News Agency reports. The aims of the committee are to struggle for a Five Power Pact, the end of the Vietnam war by the withdrawal of the French Expeditionary corps and to work for prisoners' repatriation.

The formation of the committee for peace and repatriation in the camp of officer prisoners, comments the Vietnam News Agency, is proof that these officers clearly realize the dirty character of the aggressive war waged by the French colonialists against the Vietnamese people for the benefit of American imperialism.

At a ceremony inaugurating the committee, Captain Maury Lucien, a former officer of the Third Foreign Legion Infantry Regiment, voiced, on behalf of all the officers, indignation against the monstrous crimes committed by the French colonialists in Vietnam.

Hear Pettis Perry  
St. Nicholas Arena, Jan. 4-7:30

## SOVIET CITIZENS VISIT BRITISH CITIES DURING USSR-BRITAIN AMITY MONTH

LONDON, Dec. 31 (ALN).—

British-Soviet Friendship Month has been marked by the visit of a group of well known Soviet citizens, including Mrs. T. Murashkina, deputy mayor of Stalingrad, and author Boris Polevoy.

First stop in Britain for Mrs. Murashkina was Coventry, where she was the guest of the city government. Like Stalingrad, the British city was almost completely destroyed by the Nazis during the war.

Mrs. Murashkina, a dignified, slender and handsome woman, told Allied Labor News the aim of our visit is to strengthen the ties of friendship and our mutual desire for peace with the British people.

She added that during her 2-day visit to Coventry she sought to convey this message from the people of Stalingrad and to "describe something of the frightful damage done to the city and also work which has been carried out since the war."

Polevoy visited Wales where he toured the Rhondda Valley, he-

## Our Gov't Kept Korea from Casting Fascists, Says Providence Woman

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Dec. 31.—The U.S. government has "prated democracy continuously" in its foreign policy, but has "unceasingly practiced fascism," charges Mabel Frances Conant in a letter to the Providence Journal (Dec. 19).

Had the U.S. permitted the Korean people to carry out their desire for the "removal and replacement" of the fascist Syngman Rhee as the head of the South Korean government, she asserts, "there is every reason to assume that conflict would have been avoided."

"We have given the continents of the Eastern Hemisphere abundant reason to believe," she states, "we are creating facilities and reserves with armed might in mind if not actual combat, with the purpose of ruling the surface of the globe through fear."

"As time passed" in the Korean war, she asserts, "it became evident that the masses of China were concerned—they too were striving for relief from grinding poverty and hopeless servitude and for self-expression; they threw themselves into the conflict ardently and practically with bare hands."

## Pittsburgher Says We're Losing Freedoms for an Anti-Soviet War

PITTSBURGH, Dec. 31.—America is in the process of losing its freedoms for an anti-Soviet war which is being sold to us as a war to "preserve" freedom, "W.J." charges in a letter to the Post-Gazette. The war program, W.J. sarcastically notes, is essential because "we've got to support the generals and admirals, especially the 461 in the Pentagon. If we don't support them, who will?"

The letter states:

"This objecting to taxes on everything, no matter how severe they may be, is positively subversive. It is against 'our freedoms' and, most probably, against God. Besides it's un-American to object to anything our overlords want to do."

"We've got to support our boys in uniforms, especially the brass hats who never have enough of them."

"We've got to support our politicians and their political machines. How else would they live?"

"Above all, we've got to be prepared and to fight Communism or anything of that kind anywhere in the world at any time. We've got to fight anybody anywhere outside of Russia who thinks maybe he'd like a better government than the one he has. We can't have peace until the Soviet Government is overthrown, high authorities say, so we've got to fight. We've got to gird ourselves and fight to preserve 'our freedoms,' even if we necessarily lose them in the process."

## GI's Father Says Our Government Had No Right Being in Korea

OGDENSBURG, N. Y., Dec. 31.—"We didn't have any business there in the first place," the father of a local GI in Korea says of the Truman intervention. Quoted by the Journal of Dec. 20, Howard W. Bushey, father of Pfc. Joseph N. Bushey, declared he received a letter from his son two months ago "stating that he was a prisoner and that he was being well-treated."

Bushey backed the Korean proposal, which has been rejected by Gen. Ridgway, for a general exchange of prisoners, declaring: "It's a good idea—we want our own boys home."

The Journal story said:

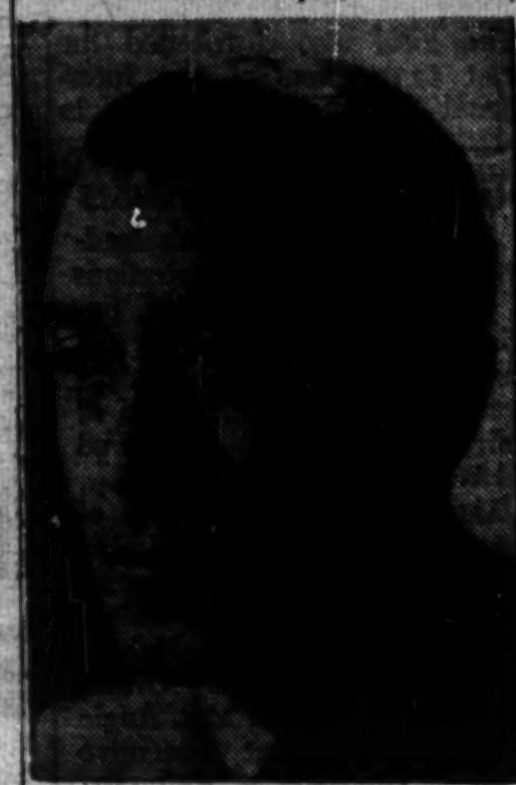
"Bushey added that his son, who was wounded in four places by shrapnel, hospitalized, and then sent back to the lines, where he was blown out of a foxhole, had both feet frozen, and was finally captured—all before he was 21—'Didn't know what he was fighting for.'"

## Mexican Finds Europe Peoples Against War

By A. B. MAGIL

MEXICO CITY, Dec. 31.—(Telepress).—The opposition to war among the European peoples is greater than ever before, declared Vicente Lombardo Toledano, President of the Confederation of Latin American Workers (CTAL) and vice president of the World Federation of Trade Unions (WFTU), in a press conference here on his return from a European visit.

Lombardo Toledano, who attended the meetings of the World Peace Council in Vienna and of the WFTU Executive Committee in Berlin, declared: "Just as the Marshall Plan failed, so is the



LOMBARDO TOLEDANO

North Atlantic Pact condemned to failure." He stated that the rearming of Western Germany is "arousing the unanimous protest of European nations which for many years suffered the consequences of German imperialism" and within Germany itself the opposition to rearming is overwhelming.

Lombardo Toledano also drew a picture of life in the Soviet Union and the People's Democracies, which he visited during his trip. "In the People's Democracies," he stated—not only have pre-war production levels been surpassed but they are in the midst of great industrial development. No man or woman is unemployed, wages are rising and prices dropping. The spirit of the peoples is high because they are building a new life unknown before. To speak of war in these countries is to speak of suspending all this gigantic constructive activity and it arouses fierce opposition."

Speaking on the struggle for peace, Lombardo Toledano declared: "The United States Government wants the West European peoples to make war for its benefit but I am convinced they will not do it. Before the second World War imperialist governments could precipitate war without reckoning with the peoples' wishes but today no government can take a country into war without the favorable attitude of the people."

## Michiganders Ask Quashing of Smith Act Cases

DETROIT, Dec. 31.—The Michigan Peace Council at a recent meeting hailed the California decision voiding 12 Smith Act indictments. All attending the meeting signed telegrams to President Truman and Attorney General McGrath urging that they "seriously consider the quashing of all indictments under the Smith Act." This action, the telegrams asserted, would "restore the first amendment" to the U. S. Constitution.

Hear Arnold Johnson  
St. Nicholas Arena, Jan. 4-7:30



# Movie Record for 1951

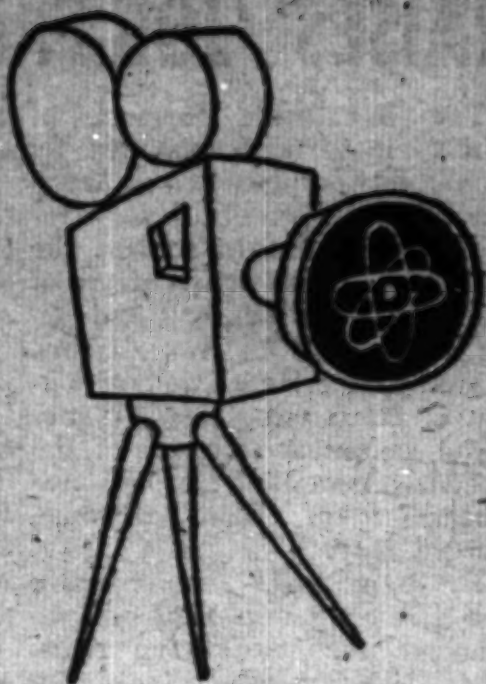
By DAVID FLATT

IN 1951, the 10 films we enjoyed the most were: Miners of Don (USSR), Saturday's Heroes (Hollywood), Under the Olive Trees (Italy), Passion for Life (French), Bouzouff Summer (USSR), Miracle in Milan (Italy), Mussonsky (USSR), Goose Boy (Hungary), The Wide Road (Poland), Emperor's Nightingale (Czechoslovakia).

IN 1951, 300 independent theatre owners in Ohio were advised by their organization; the Independent Theatre Owners of Ohio, not to book a film, endorsed by President Truman, which attempts to justify the sending of American troops to fight in Korea.

"Millions of Americans disagree with the administration's Korean policy and shouldn't be forced to sit through the film 'Why Korea', the theatre owners were told by P. J. Wood, secretary of the Independent Theatre Owners Association. In expressing his views to John R. Steelman, Presidential adviser, Wood asked if the Administration intends to show the other side of the controversy by authorizing the production of a film titled 'Why We Should Get Out of Korea'?

IN 1951, Larry Parks and Edward Dmytryk turned informer for the Un-American Committee to protect their movie careers and bank books. . . John Garfield, Jose Ferrer, Edward G. Robinson and Abe Burrows also displayed miserable servility and cowardice before the witchhunters. Robinson went down on his hands and knees and begged the witchhunters to forgive him for the crime of being a decent human being and liberal in the 1930s and 40s. He was assured that the suspicions that he was "pro-Communist" were unfounded and would be disregarded. But Robinson told friends that the whispers which have not stopped have cost him a million dollars. He has not been able to get work in films or radio for a long time. To further prove his loyalty to the Big Money Robinson agreed to play the lead in



the out of town production of the Sidney Kingsley-Arthur Koestler warmongering play Darkness At Noon . . .

In contrast to these betrayers of the Roosevelt tradition was the courageous stand taken by Gale Sondergaard, Howard da Silva, Waldo Salt, Michael Wilson, Philip Stevenson, Henry Blankfort, Houston Chamberlain, Will Geer, Paul Jarrico and many other Hollywood artists. . . Jarrico was fired from his screen writing job at RKO the same day he announced that if "I had to choose between crawling in the mud with Larry Parks or going to jail like my courageous friends, the Hollywood Ten, you can be sure I'll choose the latter".

Sam Wanamaker, the actor, pointed out that Hedda Hopper, the syndicated movie columnist, has but to print one line—only one line—about something you did—whether true or not—and you're through working in Hollywood. . .

IN 1951, the Johnston office approved the Oliver Twist film for showing in regular theatres over the objection of several of its officers who argued that the minor revisions made by the movie company did not eliminate its anti-Semitism and it was therefore undeserving of an official purity seal. The picketing and protests

organized by the Left prevented Oliver Twist from spreading to the neighborhoods (in New York) following its run on Park Ave. . .

IN 1951, Cecil Blount DeMille, anti-labor Hollywood producer who founded movie leg art and has devoted his past 20 years to sexing up Biblical stories reached the ripe age of 70. . . The important Catholic weekly Commonweal rapped Cardinal Spellman's crusade against the Italian movie The Miracle as "semi-ecclesiastical McCarthyism".

Warners anti-Semitic, anti-Negro and anti-labor film "I Was A Communist for the FBI" was plugged by David Dubinsky's Jewish Labor Committee but it flopped all over the country nevertheless. . . Dreiser's great novel, "An American Tragedy" trimmed down to Hollywood slickness by Paramount. The novel was a scathing indictment of the society that caused the tragedy of Clyde Griffiths. The movie indicted Clyde Griffiths—not quite the same thing. . .

IN the latter part of 1951 thousands of New Yorkers took part in the mighty neighborhood demonstrations against The Desert Fox. The campaign against this pro-Nazi film led by the N. Y. Veterans For Peace was a smashing success. Militant picketlines in dozens of neighborhoods received wide community support. Veterans played a leading role in this fight. The Jewish War Veterans, for example, participated in all levels of the fight. The Kings County American Legion also protested the pro-Nazi film. A delegation, led by a J. W. V. post, induced two Queens theatres to withdraw Desert Fox and substitute Desert Victory, a British film describing the Nazi defeat by allied forces in North Africa.

The campaign was so effective that he film's box office has fallen drastically, according to leading trade papers. The Desert Fox started at 2nd place, declined to 12th and is still dropping rapidly.

Now the fight begins to prevent its export to western Germany—a Germany characterized by the revival of the Officer-Corps, the rapid growth of pro-Nazi political parties and the resurgence of neo-Fascist nationalism. . .

In 1951 those who joined the picketlines to inform the unwary filmgoers of the poison in store for him inside, performed a genuine patriotic service. The entire country can now see what the Un-American Committee was aiming at when it began its witchhunt in Hollywood four years ago. It was to eliminate every progressive thought in films in order to push through anti-American films like The Desert Fox.

It was for this that writers and directors like Herbert Biberman, Lester Cole, John Howard Lawson, Dalton Trumbo, Albert Maltz were hounded out of the industry. It was for this that the witchhunters murdered Mady Christians, Roman Bohnen and J. Edward Bromberg. As The Desert Fox continues to smell up the country, the picketlines deserve the widest support as actions of true Americanism. Happy New Year!

## 'Iron City' to Be Published in Germany

A German edition of Lloyd L. Brown's novel, Iron City, has been announced for early publication by Dietz Verlag, leading book publishers of the German Democratic Republic.

The first printing of 10,000 copies will appear under the title, Die Eisene Stadt.

Masses & Mainstream, original publishers of the novel, are planning a third U.S. printing.

Hear Vito Marcantonio St. Nicholas Arena, Jan. 4—7:30

# on the scoreboard

by lester rodney

## Satch, Carl, Bob and Charley Pitching . . .

AND SO TO the pitchers and to wind up our 1936-to-the-present Allstar team and ball session. And it is in pitching where the arbitrary dividing line really pinches on one selection.

We are picking four pitchers for the first team and four for the second. Looking at the table you will note Dizzy Dean on the second team. And I'm a Dean man. The answer is that he could be rated for this team only on one last good year, 1936, when he won 24 and lost 13. After that the trusty right arm didn't have it any more.

I don't remember any greater big league pitcher than the Dean of the two years just before our touchstone year. In '34 and '35 the self-proclaimed Great One (an understatement) had marks of 30-7 and 28-12. In his last good year, '36 he was just 25 years old, so the Card hierarchy really shortchanged itself—and the game—in overworking young Diz. He really knew whereof he was speaking when he advised young players to "get it while you kin".

Now to our first team's pitchers. It is pretty thoroughly known by ballplayers, fans and "baseball people" from one end of the land to another that Leroy (Satchel) Paige was the greatest of modern American pitchers. Like catcher Gibson, Satch was a super-star who would have changed the game's recorded history depending on the team he would

## SCOREBOARD'S ALL-STAR TEAM FROM 1936 THROUGH 1951

LOU GEHRIG	1B	HANK GREENBERG
JACKIE ROBINSON	2B	CHARLEY Gehringer
LUKE APPLING	SS	PHIL RIZZUTO
RED ROLFE	3B	GEORGE KELL
TED WILLIAMS	OF	DUCKY MEDWICK
JOE DIMAGGIO	OF	LLOYD WANER
STAN MUSIAL	OF	PAUL WANER
JOSH GIBSON	C	BILL DICKEY
SATCHELL PAIGE	P	DIZ DEAN
BOB FELLER	P	PAUL DERRINGER
CARL HUBBELL	P	BUCKY WALTERS
RED RUFFING	P	JOE PAGE

have been with had the blight of jimcrow not kept him out of the game in his long and glorious prime, when the people of Latin America could cheer him in league play but the people of his own United States could not.

Since we just mentioned Dean, suppose we just let the tributes go at Dizzy's, one great and honest pitcher to another: "Satchel is a better pitcher than I am, ever was or ever will be." In 1948, when Paige was already over 40 and helped the Indians to their first pennant in 29 years at the invitation of Bill Veeck, winning six and losing one in a few months, I heard members of the Cleveland team like catcher Heggen and pitcher Muncie say in absolute awe: "Imagine how he must have been when he was younger. There couldn't have been anyone as good as him." It's interesting that the 40 plus Paige won on exemplary control and variety. For in the several decades when he really had it, he was the FASTEST pitcher of them all, and still had the control, curves and change-ups.

THEN COMES Carl Hubbell, the lean southpaw with the subtle variety of screwballs and much faster fast ball than most realized from the stands. His name usually immediately recalls the Allstar Game of 1934 when he fanned Ruth, Gehrig, Foxx, Simmons and Cronin in a row. But actually his greatest season was our starting point, 1936, when he pitched the Giants into the World Series with a remarkable 26-6 year, finishing with 18 straight wins and opening the Series by beating the Yanks 6-1. The next year, Bill Terry's "Meal Ticket" did it again with a 22-8 season.

He was a beauty, was long-knickerbockered Carl. The picture persists of him standing always so coolly out on the mound with some mighty righthanded socker at bat, than said batter doing absolutely nothing with one of three-speed variety of slants breaking AWAY from him.

Bob Feller is an obvious nominee. Like DiMag, Bob came up in '36, though four years younger than Joe. Like DiMag, he had just about hit his peak when World War II interrupted his career. The bullet-balling young Iowan with the pretzel-coil windup hit marks of 24-9, 27-11 and 25-13 before going into the Navy. It seems reasonable to suppose that normally he would have joined Dean in the modern 30 winner class. For when he came back he still was good enough to win 26 and shatter strikeout marks in 1946. Say, the guy won 23 this season!

Red Ruffing, oddly enough, did his great pitching for the Yankees and yet is generally underrated. He belongs with the modern titans. Perhaps it was because he had some mediocre records with the Red Sox before developing fully at the Stadium—perhaps because of the uncolorful, mechanical and "dull" way he overpowered the opposition in season play and World Series alike. . . anyhow, the big guy from the soft coal Illinois region (where as a boy his foot was crushed in a mine accident much like the Frankfort horror) was the pitching heart of the great teams which won their pennants and World Championships in 1936, '37, '38 and '39. No matter how good the team was in back of him, he still had to be one fine pitcher to run up records of 20-12, 20-7, 21-7, 21-7. The biggest compliment Vic Raschi ever got was that he reminded someone of Red Ruffing. But Ruffing was Raschi on his best days, and consistently!

ALONG WITH DEAN on our second quartet we put Paul Derringer, the high-kicking righthanded ace who hit a 25-7 peak in 1939, around which he had 21-14 and 20-12 performances; his teammate Bucky Walters, who made it 27-11 in '39 and followed with 22 and 19 game years; and Joe Page, the wonderful Yankee relief pitcher of '47 and '49 particularly, when he could throttle a game for five, six innings almost every other day.

Also considered and certainly worthy of mention: Hal Newhouser of wartime and immediate postwar vintage; the great Lefty Grove at the ages of 33, 34, 37 and 38, still good enough to chalk up marks of 17-12, 17-9, 14-4 and 15-4; Lefty Gomez of '37 and '38 when he won 21 and 18 but was well past hi speak; and of the current bunch, Lemon Maglie, Raschi, Reynolds, Lopat and Spain. There we are. All comments welcomed, folks (good as well as bad).

## Ted Tinsley Says

### Sir David Plays on His Harp

Sir David Kelly, a former British Ambassador to the Soviet Union, has added his mite to the general confusion with an article in the Times magazine section. Under the gay title 'The Counter-Revolution' in Russia, Sir David writes: "I think it would be true to say that, to the average Westerner, socialism means primarily social equality and that this is more important than the nationalization of production and distribution, which indeed all the Western Socialist parties seem in practice to be quietly dropping."

Who cares about the "nationalization of production" as long as Bavin can have lunch with Eden, or Norman Thomas with C. E. Wilson? I don't think Sir David should have been so blunt about some sections of the Socialist parties of the "west." But maybe we can reach an agreement with him. He can have lunch with anybody he wants. Just give us the factories and we'll call it even.

Sir David also explains that the Soviet Union isn't really a "proletarian society." Historically, he writes, the Russian, "though intelligent and capable of spurts of great activity, was essentially lazy." Therefore "the immense industrial progress" which the Soviet Union has achieved would be impossible "if Russia were really a proletarian society dominated by the factory or farm worker."

Who, then, achieved "the immense industrial progress"? Grem-lins, leprechauns, elves, sprites, and the little lady with wings on the White Rock label?

Sir David then bolsters his argu-

ment with a quotation from Lord Palmerston, who delivered a speech on Russian foreign policy to the House of Commons. Unfortunately, the speech was made in 1860, when Lord Palmerston's understanding of the Soviet Union was understandably deficient.

Sir David tells us that "the Russian is at heart a nomad, with no feeling for continuity and evolution, who gets a thrill from being pulled up by the roots. . . . This is so because "it is in keeping with his endless featureless plains and his climate with its dramatic changes from semi-arctic winter to continental summer."

This also explains why people from the Rocky Mountains are hard-headed, and why people from the Mississippi Valley are watery. Everyone knows that people from the Kansas plains are flat-headed, and New York City, surrounded as it is by water, is full of fisher folk.

Sir David is a little nervous all through his article. He's not quite happy at the way Truman is trying to bull his way through (using Britain as a shield), and he writes a sort of pathetic peroration to his piece. The Western nations, he declares, must "convince the Soviet Government and people that the rebuilding of our defenses really is (as we ourselves know in our bones) for our self-preservation."

Well, Sir David, you've got your bones, I've got mine.

Speak for your own bones, brother.

Thanks to R. A. for \$3; to E. C. for \$10, and to Chris A. of Inwood for \$10.



# The Way of Life for America's Migrants

DENVER, Dec. 31 (FP).—The way of life for America's migrants is a bitter brew of hard labor, long hours in the fields, scant pay, not enough food, constant insecurity and appalling housing conditions. This stark picture of one sector of the nation's traveling work

families is included in a report just issued by the National Child Labor Committee, based on a field survey conducted in Colorado between July and October, 1950. The study was made at the request of Gov. Walter W. Johnson.

Majority of the migrants studied were Spanish American and came from Texas and 10 other states to work in the onion and beet fields during the spring. From July to October they harvested beans, peas, cantaloupes, cucumbers and tomatoes.

Annual cash income per family from all sources averaged \$1,424. Contrary to stories that the migrants are irresponsible people who like to travel, nine out of 10 families told the interviewers they had come to Colorado because of economic distress and false promises of good working conditions. Most of them had been recruited in their home states by agents of the beet sugar companies and independent contractors.

Many of the migrants are transported thousands of miles in trucks owned by the companies and contractors. "The distressing discovery to the staff," the report said, "was that the sight of these trucks had become so common in Colorado the public had apparently become immune to it."

"People crowded into trucks, in a manner which a good stockman would not allow for cattle, did not seem to shock any passersby. Between terminal points on long interstate hauls, these truckloads of migrants endure hours of standing with stops for gas, oil and water at irregular intervals. Nights are spent by roadsides, under trees and trucks and by ditches." Despite their low incomes, only 14 percent of the migrant families reported having requested public assistance during the preceding 12 months. The main barriers, the field staff found, were language and "the usual requirement in state laws that applicants must be legal residents."

**LACK FOOD**  
"That families often lacked money to buy food or other necessities was indicated by the fact that 176 families said they had run short of money and 175 of them borrowed or got credit at stores," the report said. "The other family 'went without food.'"

Exploitation of the migrants by labor contractors was illustrated by a public welfare official who told how in many cases the migrants work in several counties in one day. "No consideration in wages is given for the time lost from migrants going from job to job," he said. "And when the contractor is 'taking a cut' of 20 to 25 percent of the wages paid, it certainly makes a tough situation."

"This last year some of our laborers who live in Rocky Ford worked at Granada, which is somewhere about 80 miles from their home. They would get up at 3 or 4 o'clock in the morning, be transported to their work and return home not earlier than 9 or 9:30 in the evening, but were paid only for the time spent on the job. The migrants live either in camps or individual houses. The average camp housing was adobe or frame shacks with single walls between units," the report said. "Street lights, laundries and shower baths were not provided. Sanitary facilities were generally inadequate."

The poor camps "defy description," the report continued. "These camps are generally set up by labor contractors or by the smaller farmers and are simply collections of tents or hovels which provide nothing, or next to it." In one such camp, it said, "the housing consisted of tents with earthen floors and the most disreputable sort of semi-quonset structures imaginable."

"There was no visible screening in the entire camp and the number of windows was negligible. The courtyards between the tents and frame structures were either filled with garbage, hopelessly deposited for collection, or with ruts in dry weather and mud puddles during rains. . . . Four different families were sheltered in two of the tents. Cooking, eating, sleeping and living were done in these two tents by all members of the four families. . . . All the toilets were open pit types. . . . Flies and other vermin had unhampered access to the pits, as well as to garbage heaps in the midst of the tents."

## FIGHT OUSTER OF ONLY NEGRO STEWARD ON CLASS I LINERS

Special to the Daily Worker

SEATTLE, Dec. 31.—The only Negro second steward on America's first-class passenger vessels has been chosen by the Truman Administration as one of the first two seamen to face Magnuson Act prosecution.

He is George Rogers, Marine Cooks and Stewards Union member, who was shipped aboard the

S.E. Baranoff, an Alaska Steamship Co. vessel, as second steward on June 23, 1950.

Rogers and Guy Wickliffe, another Negro MCS member, were arrested handcuffed and jailed last month for working aboard commercial ships in port without Coast Guard-validated papers. Under the Magnuson "Waterfront Blacklist" Act they face a possible 10-year prison term and \$10,000 fine each.

A preliminary Federal Court hearing for the two seamen has been postponed until 1:30 p.m. Tuesday at the request of Assistant U. S. Attorney John F. Dore, Jr. Recognizing he was fully qualified as a second steward, and prepared if necessary to make a fight on the issue, the union dispatched Rogers to the Baranoff a year ago last summer, thereby registering an important victory in the continuing fight for full equality of employment opportunities for its members.

A second steward on a trimly-appointed first-class passenger ship is in charge of the dining room and directs the work of virtually the entire stewards' department.

Rogers is also qualified as chief steward on freighters. The veteran unionist, who joined MCS shortly after the 1934 strike and has been sailing ever since, orders all supplies, makes inventories, lays out the menus, keeps the books and acts as work boss when sailing as chief steward.

Wickliffe, 26, has also been a steady supporter of MCS policies since he caught his first ship shortly after World War II.

"The government's choice of these two Negro seamen to test out the bite of the Magnuson Act is highly significant," Nichols said. "It means this act is strictly a union-busting measure which has the additional purpose of splitting Negro-white unity by directing the first screening blows at Negroes."

"Our union has determined that the evil purposes of the Magnuson Act shall not succeed," Nichols said.

## COAST ANTI-NEGRO GROUP RAISES 'JOB-FREEDOM' CRY

The so-called "Freedom of Choice" movement, sponsored by a California outfit known as America Plus, Inc., is a "bold and dangerous movement to subvert the Constitution and wipe out all of the civil rights gains based on the 14th and 15th Amendments, as well as the social welfare legislation of recent years," Walter White, executive secretary of the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People, charged here.

The movement's first objective is a referendum in California to eliminate the state's civil rights laws. These laws would be replaced with an amendment which permits proprietors of places of public accommodation to select their patrons on a discriminatory basis. The amendment would also permit the establishment of exclusive neighborhoods on the basis of race, color, creed or national origin, and would grant employers the right to reject applicant because of race, religion or nationality.

Openly designed to restrict the citizenship rights and privileges of Jews and Negroes, the movement envisages similar action against other minorities. Headed by State Senator Jack B. Tenney, of California's "Little Dies Committee," America Plus boldly announced that it will extend its activities throughout the nation in an effort to wipe civil rights statutes off the books of every state.

"This movement represents a far greater peril than the Ku Klux Klan at its height," White said.

"The NAACP," he continued, "will rally every possible resource to head it off. However, such a campaign will require ample funds and the united efforts of all the truly liberal forces in this country—Negro organizations, Jewish associations, organized labor, religious and civic groups. All will have to unite to prevent the mis-

named America Plus from turning back the clock to 1865."

Aldrich Blake, an oilman from Oklahoma now serving as executive secretary of American Plus, claimed it has a few hundred members in 24 states.

Morgan Keaton, a lobbyist who is directing the petition campaign, said the proposed amendment "is only the beginning of what America Plus intends to do on a national scale. It intends to fight communism and so-called socialistic government wherever it finds it."

## Public Workers Ask \$30 Boost

LOS ANGELES, Dec. 31.—A flat demand for an immediate cost of living \$30 monthly wage boost for city, county and state employees was before the city council, county supervisors and the state personnel board in Sacramento.

The demand was placed last week by representatives of the United Public Workers Union, Local 246.

Commenting on the demand, Elinor Grennard, business agent for the local said, "the federal government has just granted its workers a flat \$30 a month wage increase to keep pace with the rising tide of living costs."

"Several weeks ago at a union wage conference, the overwhelming majority of our union membership instructed its representatives to place the increased needs of public workers before the various levels of city, county and state government."

Miss Grennard said the union is conducting a petition campaign in various communities in order to gain the widest public support for its demands.

## JAIL LAWYERS WHO QUERRIED COP FOR BEATING NEGRO

SEATTLE, Wash., Dec. 31.—Questioning the "right" of a cop to kick a Negro in the street led to the arrest here of two white attorneys.

John Caughlan and Siegfried Hesse, were arrested when they asked patrolmen J. Murray and J. Wallace whether they had in fact struck and kicked without provocation Willie Rance, Negro member of the National Maritime Union.

Rance was booked for "loitering" and "being a disorderly person" and released on what Caughlan branded "outrageous" bail of \$250. His police court trial has been continued until Jan. 17, a fact which will work an economic hardship on him since he wants to ship out as quickly as possible.

Caughlan and Hesse were released without charges after police learned they were attorneys.

Ironically, the two lawyers had just left a meeting of the Seattle Committee to End Discrimination and were about to drive home in Caughlan's car when they saw Rance.

When Rance told them what had happened, the three returned to question the cops.

In a signed statement to Caugh-

lan after his release from jail, Rance told his story:

"I was in the Spring Tavern (near First Ave. and Cherry St.) with a couple of other fellows. . . . I told them I was going to take a walk. Just as I walked out the door the cops—"

Q. (By Caughlan) "Two cops?"  
A. "Two cops—grabbed me and asked me where I was going. So I told them I was going to a friend's house. He (Patrolman Murray) asked me my name and where I stayed, so I told him—I pulled out my papers and showed him."

"He swung at me and I ducked him, then he swung at me again, and knocked all my papers and credentials out in the street, and gave me orders to 'pick them up and get going'—so I stooped down to get them, and he hauled off and kicked me."

"So I picked up half the papers and I walked down the street and met Mr. Caughlan there with another man (Hesse). . . ."

Rance said that when he and the two attorneys returned to accost the policemen, Patrolman Murray called the lawyers "a couple of Commies," and repeatedly used another obscene epithet.



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